BRIGHT SKIES CERTAIN

Bright and fair in spite of the pessimists, will be the early report. Business will improve with the co-operation of all. Let's meet the new conditions with an open mind. Get together for more business. Colonel Taylor of the Gale Shoe Company said: "This morning things look brighter and I look for orders." That's the spirit. Portsmouth will soon take on an upward turn.

HELP SPEED UP BUSINESS

THE WEATHER

Washington, Jan. 4.—Cloudy tonight and Wednesday; warmer tonight in the interior; moderate southwest winds.

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

12 PAGES

First in News -- Circulation Greatest

12 PAGES

SUN AND TIDE

Standard Time.

Sun Rises	7.18
Sun Sets	4.26
Length of Day	9.13
High Tide	7.36 am, 8.08 pm
Moon Rises	3.01 am
Light Automobile Lamps at	4.56 pm

VOL. XXXVI., NO. 85. PORTSMOUTH, N. H., TUESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1921. Portsmouth Daily Republican, Merged with THE HERALD, July 1, 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS.

BANDITS WORK IN SUBWAYS OF NEW YORK

(By Associated Press)

New York, Jan. 4—New York bandits apparently seeking new fields of conquest, today transferred their activities underground. Two unmasked young men strolled into the subway station at Seventh avenue and Fifty-fifth street, turned their revolvers on the ticket agent, a woman, who promptly fainted, and gathered about $71 in change. When she recovered the men forced her to open the door of the ticket booth while they rifled the money drawer. Two passengers who came down the steps for a train a few moments later, were held up by the couple and relieved of their money and jewelry. After warning the men to make no outcry, the youths calmly walked to the street and sauntered leisurely by a policeman.

AT THE THEATRES

Colonial—Today and Wednesday, vaudeville (3 new acts) and photo plays. Feature film, Viola Dana in "A Chorus Girl's Romance."

Olympia—Today, Bert Lytell in "The Misleading Lady". Frank Mayo in "Honor Bound" and the News reel.

FUNERAL NOTICE

The funeral of Miss Jennie Louise Harlow will be held from her late home, 72 Willard avenue, Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock. Friends invited.

214 PERSONS DROWNED WHEN STEAMER SINKS

(By Associated Press)

Madrid, Spain, Jan. 4.—Two hundred and fourteen persons were lost when the Spanish steamer Santa Isabel was wrecked Saturday night, says a telegram received here from the Governor of Santovedra. Fifty-six persons were saved, but many of them were injured. The captain of the vessel was severely hurt, and it is not expected he will recover. Many bodies have been washed ashore, and in several cases whole families were drowned. Among the saved was an infant three years old, whose parents are believed to be dead. Latest dispatches from Cadiz said the ship was driven on the rocks during a tremendous storm, and a large number of deaths is due to the fact that the passengers had been confined to their cabins because of the violence of the storm, many of them being asleep.

COST $50,000 TO INAUGURATE PRES. HARDING

Washington, Jan. 4.—Fifty thousand dollars was the figure set today by the Senate Rules Committee as necessary for congressional expenses in connection with the inauguration of President-Elect Harding. Chairman Knox introduced a resolution, proposing that as a maximum amount.

CUBA STOPS CABLE LANDING AT HAVANA

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—Any action taken by the Cuban Government toward preventing landing by the Western Union Telegraph Co. of the Barbados cable was taken on its motion, and not on representation from Washington, it was said today at the State Department. By direction of the President of Cuba, police were sent to a town near Havana yesterday, with orders to stop any cable landing operation. State Department officials said that the Cuban government intended to prevent the cable landing, and that no representation had ever been made to the Havana authorities on the subject, although such steps had been considered after the Western Union's attempt to land the cable at Miami had been stopped, and the company's plan to transfer operations to Cuba was reported at that time.

SEIZE $12,000 BONDED WHISKEY STOCK IN NASHUA

(By Associated Press)

Lowell, Mass., Jan. 4. — Bonded whiskey and alcohol valued at more than $12,000, was seized last night at an isolated farm house on the Nashua Road, in a raid by federal officers. Anthony Conway and John J. Mulcaney of this city, were arrested for violation of the National Prohibition Act, and were held in $1,000, each pending a hearing before the United States Commissioner Hayes in Boston. It was the biggest seizure made in this vicinity since the Volstead Act went into effect.

LEGISLATURE TO CONVENE ON WEDNESDAY

Brown Book Shows All Senators Married, With 44 Bachelors in House.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 4.—The average member of the New Hampshire Legislature of 1921, which convenes at the State House in this city on Wednesday for its biennial session, was born in this State 50 years ago, and educated in its public schools. He tills the soil for a livelihood, is married, and has one child; is a Republican in politics, and has held town office; attends the Congregational Church and is a Mason, Odd Fellow and Granger.

"MARY" MAKES BIG HIT AT COLONIAL

Notwithstanding the lateness of the hour when George Cohan's comedians appeared in the musical comedy "Mary" at the Colonial theatre last evening, the production made a distinct hit with the big audience present. Every member of the cast was splendid and it would be unfair to criticise any one part. The production was beautifully staged, the scenery being most elaborate and the electrical effects fine. The costumes were all that goes to make up a modern musical show. The music was tuneful and catchy, and the songs were repeatedly encored as was the whole cast at the finale in the first act. The chorus was the best dancing and singing outfit seen here for a long time and the specialties given by some of its members were of a high order. An augmented orchestra greatly added to the production, giving it all the necessary pep. There was not a dull moment in the play and action was at all times present.

The pretty love story of the book, which is by Mr. Harbach, centers about the attempt of a young man of meagre means to acquire a fortune through the sale of portable houses. The scheme, although a good idea, does not prove profitable in itself, but becomes a stepping stone to success and wealth, which enables him to return triumphantly to his sweetheart who bears the "Grand Old Name of Mary." In the lyrics of Mr. Mandel and the music of Mr. Hirsch, the melodies in "Mary" are rich in charm and beauty and rhythm.

CORRECTION

The name of Miss Hope Adams should have been given instead of Miss Helen Adams in the recent account of the Christmas play at the North Church chapel. Miss Hope Adams presided at the piano and also assisted the committee in charge of the entertainment.

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—An air plane of the Transcontinental air mail service caught fire, and was destroyed in a forced landing, two blocks from the city hall today, but the pilot was unhurt. Half of the 250 pounds of mail cargo was burned.

SUPREME COURT VETO STOCK YARD HOLDING PLANS

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—Government objections to stock yard holding divorcement plans submitted by the big packers were sustained today by Justice Stafford in the district Supreme Court. Any acceptable plans must provide for complete divestment of such holdings, the court held. Justice Stafford also sustained the government contention that the decree of divorcement may be made effective by receivership and sale unless the dividends are able to prevent a suitable plan and that notice of such action would be taken. Justice Stafford said he could not approve any plan for consolidation of the yard by a holding company or otherwise. Swift and Armour had proposed organization of a holding company which would take from the stock yard properties and lease to an operating company for a period of years. F. H. Prince & Co. of Boston, bankers, were to organize a holding company but the government objected to its plan argued that the relations between the bankers and the packers were such that there would be a divestment of the property within the meaning of the court's order.

The government made a proposal that the property be taken from all the courts, trustees appointed and a sale ordered.

NO ATTEMPT TO KEEP ROADS OPEN TO BOSTON

Prospects of snow removal from the state highways between Boston and the New Hampshire line by privately owned motor trucks are fading fast as winter starts getting in its licks.

A group of Boston business men, who, by the way, run about 250 trucks along the main road from the Hub to Portsmouth, started the ball rolling to keep the highways open in the winter to commercial trucks. The necessity of keep the roads open was pointed out to Chambers of Commerce in many cities, including Lynn, Salem and Peabody. These communities were asked to take hold, but when it appeared that Boston firms would principally benefit, the plan fell through.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS

A joint installation of the officers of Capt. Thomas Aston Harris Camp, S. of V. and their auxiliary was held at the G. A. R. hall last evening. Past Div. Commander Oscar E. Davis of Alton installed the officers of the camp as follows:

Percy A. Moulton, Commander.
Clarence N. George, Senior Vice Commander.
Leland D. Bosworth, Junior Vice Commander.
N. W. Sylvester, N. M. Tucker and George E. Howe, Camp Council.
Clarence Pike, Patriotic Instructor.
Charles W. Greene, Chaplain.
Martin Tilley, Sec., Treas.
Wm. Tucker, Guide.
N. W. Sylvester, Color Bearer.
George Dogherty, Inside Guard.
Mrs. Edith Davis, Past Division President installed the Auxiliary officers as follows:
Mrs. Marion Greene, President.
Mrs. Irene George, Vice President.
Mrs. Helen Tilley, Chaplain.
Mrs. Blanche Blake, Guard.
Mrs Elizabeth Tedbetts, Asst. Guard.
Mrs. Ethel Moulton, Secretary.
Mrs. Nellie Howe, Treasurer.
Mrs. Emma Clark and Mrs. Gertrude Bosworth, Color Bearers.
Inside Guard, Edith Pike.
Outside Guard, Mrs. Goldie Hodgdon.
Counsellor, Martin Tilley.
Trustees, Mrs. Helen Tilley, Mrs. Sergio Rockwood, and Mrs. Emma Clark.

A Past Commander's badge was presented to Past Commander Howe. A Past President's badge to Mrs. Marion Greene. A present of a piece of cut glass was given to Mrs. Davis and a solid silver pencil to Mr. Davis.

Refreshments and social hour followed.

WOULD REPEAL OLD RHODE ISLAND LAW

(By Associated Press)

Providence, R. I., Jan. 4.—Prompt submission to the electors of the state of a proposition to repeal the property qualification in voting was the chief recommendation made by Governor San Souci in his inaugural address to the General Assembly today. Rhode Island is the only state which retains in its constitution this survival of the days of colonial charters, a royal dispensation from London. Governor San Souci, in his inaugural address, called for an appropriate legislation to enforce the eighteenth amendment in Rhode Island, "a blue sky" law, to prevent the sale of bogus securities, an apprehensive program of highway improvements.

See Page 12

Our Annual January Sale

Opens Thursday Morning at 8.30

Watch Wednesday Papers for Detailed List of the Many Remarkable Bargains

Shopping during this sale will seem like old times we have made prices so low.

BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

Geo. B. French Co.

YESTERDAY Hundreds Joined Our

Christmas Club

TODAY Hundreds of Others Will Join

Why Not Be One of Them?

Your neighbors have joined and are delighted with the idea of saving a little each week, or month, and receiving it in a lump sum just before Christmas when it will be so handy.

Don't miss this opportunity to provide yourself with money for next Christmas.

Portsmouth Trust & Guarantee Co.

New Hampshire Bank Building.

OUR GREATEST JANUARY MARKDOWN AND STORE WIDE READJUSTMENT SALE IS NOW ON.

Coats Suits Dresses Skirts

AND READY TO WEAR LINES GREATLY REDUCED IN PRICE

Yardage Goods in Many Instances One-Half Last Fall's Prices.

LEWIS E. STAPLES

13 Market St.

MAKING FUN OF MINISTERS MUST STOP

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—The public worlds board of the Methodist Episcopal Church announced today that it would inaugurate a campaign "to stop the contemptuous treatment of the Protestant ministry by some cartoonists, writers, and actors." "On the stage and in motion pictures," the announcement stated, "the Protestant minister is seldom represented, except as an effeminate fool. The members of the Protestant churches are exhorted to be liberal and take humor as humor, and be slow in wrath; but the members of the Roman Catholic Church do not tolerate such treatment of their priesthood, which is always represented on the stage and elsewhere in a most favorable way, and whose religion is treated with consideration. Catholics are to be commended. The time has come also when Protestants should not tolerate any other than courteous treatment of their religion and ministry."

CARDINAL GIBBONS RETURNS HOME

(By Associated Press)

Baltimore, Jan. 4.—The improvement in Cardinal Gibbons' condition, which permitted his return home yesterday, continued today. He enjoyed a refreshing night's sleep after an absence of nearly a month at the home of friends in West Maryland, where he became ill suddenly.

KITTERY POINT

Kittery Point, Jan. 4.—The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Frank C. Fillebey on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 6.

The monthly meeting of the Kittery Point fire company was held at the fire house last evening.

Mrs. Robert Frisbee, of New York, is visiting Rev. and Mrs. Miles Frisbee.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist Church will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Belle Hoyt.

A large attendance from this part of the town attended the play "Mary" at the Colonial Theatre last evening.

Mrs. Marion Philbrick has returned to Kittery, after visiting her son, Dana Philbrick, and family, of Bartlett road.

Miss Georgia Tutey and Miss Laura Goodwin, of Marblehead, Mass., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Patey on New Year's Day and Sunday.

The Ladies' Sewing Circle of the Congregational Church met with Mrs. T. B. Hoyt this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Hayford returned to Danvers, Mass., on Monday, after a few days' visit with Mr. Hayford's parents.

Miss Lillian Tibbetts has concluded her duties at Sugrue's store in Kittery.

Miss Susie Seaward has returned to Portsmouth after visiting her sister, Mrs. French Getchell during the Christmas vacation.

Herald Ads. Bring Results.

COLONIAL THEATRE

ONE NIGHT ONLY

Wednesday, Jan. 12

DIRECT FROM PHENOMENAL ENGAGEMENT AT THE HOLLIS STREET THEATRE, BOSTON

GEO. M. COHAN'S Dramatic Production

The Talk of the Town

Wire by Rita Weiman

William Harrigan—Chrystal Herne

George Parsons

and entire Original New York Cast

Prices 50c, $1, $1.50, $2. No Higher.

SEATS NOW ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE.

KITCHEN CABINET SALE

For the Next Ten Days We Will Sell

THE FULLER KITCHEN CABINET AT 33 1-3 PER CENT DISCOUNT FOR CASH

This is a special introductory price in which the maker stands in on the loss.

No cabinet on the market has the finish, equipment and conveniences equal to the Sellers. We can prove it by a demonstration of its merits. Best servant in the house!

Sale Begins Tuesday, January 4.

THE PORTSMOUTH FURNITURE CO.

1-5 MARKET SQUARE

Cor. Deer and Vaughan Sts. Near B. & M. Station.

KITTERY

Kittery, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Bertha Bitomski, of Exeter, has been the recent guest of her son, Albert Bitomski and family, of Government street.

The annual meeting of the Second Christian Society will be held in the church vestry this evening at 8 o'clock. A large attendance is desired.

The Riverside Reading Club meets next Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. George Seaward. Each member may bring a guest. A talk on domestic science will be given by one of the guests.

Mrs. George Island of Eliot, has been a recent guest of friends in town.

Miss Aryilla Shaw has been confined to her home with a very severe cold.

Mrs. Joseph Boulter has been visiting several days with friends in Somerville, Mass.

Miss Marion Brackett was the week-end guest of friends at York Beach.

Mrs. E. E. Simpleigh, of Wentworth street, is ill with a severe cold.

Mrs. Ida Marshall has been ill several days at her home on Stimson st.

Frank Tibbetts has returned from a short visit in Framingham, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Davis, of Badger's Island, passed Sunday at York Beach as guests of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Elliot Varney passed the week-end in Newmarket, N. H.

Miss Ethel Peterson passed the week-end in Portland, Me.

Leslie Heaney and friend, Wallace Putnam, who have been passing a two weeks' vacation with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Heaney of Central street, left on Monday evening to resume their studies at Bowdoin College.

Leo Armstrong is the guest of Mr. George Frary and family at the Intervene.

Robert Sprague sang a solo Sunday morning at the Second Christian Church, and in the evening Mrs. Frank Parker and Mr. Sprague sang a duet.

Mrs. Edward Chase is able to be out after being confined to the house with a severe cold.

Kittery Grange and the John F. Hill Grange of Eliot, have a joint installation of officers next Monday evening, John E. Abbott of North Berwick, installing officer.

Rev. Louis Staples is reported as being better. Mrs. Staples and children are now ill, and are being cared for by Mrs. Ina Averill.

The Pocahontas Camp Fire Girls held a meeting this afternoon at the home of Miss Dora Dunning, on Government street.

Mrs. Charles Holmstrom and little son of the Intervene, are guests of friends in Jamaica Plain, Mass.

Remember the date, Jan. 14, that Splendid Pilgrim Quartet, and reader, James Hillhouse, of Boston, at the Second Christian Church.

In view of the fact that a revival is planned for the near future at the Second M. E. Church, the subject of the prayer meeting tonight will be "The Revival We Need," with Mr. Caswell as speaker, in view of the fact that a revival of some sort is needed at this time it behooves all to lend their interest and aid in order to throw as much light upon the subject as possible. Service begins at 7:30 prompt.

[illegible] MACHINE saw. Also red wood for sale. $15.00 per load, sawed and delivered. Wolf Fillebrown.

Virgil E. Lynch of Kittery Point, who gave himself up to Deputy Sheriff Bourdeau last Saturday morning, after the officer had been to Kittery Point the night before, with a warrant issued on the complaint of Mrs. Lynch, who says her husband has not supported their two children, was arraigned in the Kittery court Monday evening before Judge Justin H. Shaw.

Lynch was represented by Hon. Aaron B. Cole, and Mrs. Lynch's counsel was Attorney Elmer J. Burnham, of Kittery. A plea of not guilty had been entered by Judge Shaw at a preliminary arraignment Saturday morning.

Counsel for Lynch asked that the case in the Kittery court be delayed for a time, until an action for divorce, brought by Lynch, might be heard in the January term of the Supreme Judicial Court now opening in Saco.

Attorney Burnham, for Mrs. Lynch, said he wanted to make it certain that Lynch should be compelled to support the two children, whatever might be done, but that Lynch had not lived up to a recent agreement to contribute $8 a week while the case was pending. Mr. Lynch said this was not entirely true, but that he had made gifts to the children at about Christmas, to the best of his ability, which he considered was a measure of support.

After taking all the circumstances into consideration, the case was continued until September 17, by agreement, and Mr. Lynch recognized in $500 for his appearance at that time.

NEWCASTLE

There will be a community indoor picnic in Pythian Hall next Friday evening at from 6 to 9.

The hall will be converted into a woodland scene by the use of evergreen trees, so that winter will be changed to summer, and the picnickers will eat their lunches beneath the branches of the trees.

Each person is asked to bring a lunch for this purpose. Coffee and cocoa will be furnished at a nominal price.

Supper from 6 to 7, after which an entertainment will be given by the primary department of the public schools, supplemented by vocal and instrumental selections.

From 8 to 9 there will be games of various kinds for the amusement of all.

This is the first of a series of community gatherings for children, youths and grown-ups. All are invited to attend and contribute to the common good and social welfare. No admission will be charged, and no collections will be taken. This is to be a real community affair in which each and all should be interested and should have a part.

Midweek meetings will begin in the vestry of the Congregational Church next Thursday at 7:30 p. m., and be continued during the winter. These will be for the study of the world-wide missionary program of the Congregational churches, and for prayer and conference. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

One of the pleasantest happenings of the week just passed was the marriage of Miss Hazel Ricker, daughter of Captain and Mrs. George B. Ricker, and Reginald Olde Davidson, which took place on Friday evening at the home of the bride's parents on River street. Relatives and friends of the couple were in attendance. The flower rooms were beautifully decorated with the Yuletide colors, greenery and cut flowers. Miss Hilda Ricker, sister of the bride, rendered the wedding march as the bridal party entered the rooms, where the ceremony was performed by Rev. C. L. Hanscom, D. D. The bride was becomingly attired in a gown of daybreak colored silk, with glimmings of silk lace. Her bouquet was of bride roses in shower effect. Miss Pauline Severance was maid of honor, and wore blue silk, and carried pink roses. Following the nuptials, an informal reception took place, and the young couple received hosts of good wishes for their future happiness, followed by a substantial and dainty wedding lunch. Among the guests at the wedding were several from Boston, Lawrence and Portsmouth. After a short wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Davidson will make their home at the well-appointed Davidson residence on Pleasantam street. Mr. and Mrs. Davidson have the best wishes of all their friends that their voyage through life may be freighted with every good and helpful gift.

Miss Maure Trefethen has returned from her holiday recess passed with her sister in Boston.

Amory J. Meloon has returned to his duties in Glastonbury, Conn., after passing the Yuletide season with Mrs. Sara Meloon and family.

WEEK OF PRAYER UNION SERVICES

The Week of Prayer Union service Monday evening was held at the North church chapel and largely attended. The service was in charge of Rev. Lucius H. Thayer, pastor of the North Church, and opened with a praise service, Rev. E. E. Banks, pastor of the Advent church, gave a helpful address on "Thanksgiving and Confessions."

The remaining services this week will be as follows:

Tuesday, Jan. 4—Advent Christian church, "The Church Universal" Rev. J. R. Van Pelt.

Wednesday, Jan. 5—Court St. Christian church, "Nations and Their Rulers," Rev. L. H. Thayer.

Thursday, Jan. 6—Methodist Episcopal church, "Foreign Missions and Educational Institutions," Rev. J. R. Randolph.

Friday, Jan. 7—Middle St. Baptist church, "Home Missions and Evangelism," Rev. L. E. Follansbee.

GAVE ADDRESS AT MINISTER'S MEETING

There was a well attended meeting at the Middle Street Baptist church annex on Monday forenoon of the ministers of Portsmouth and the surrounding towns. The Rev. Dr. Van Pelt pastor of the Methodist church gave a very interesting address on Contemporary Religious Thought, especially speaking on the modern rebellion to dogma, the religion of social service, and modern mysticism. A very helpful discussion followed taken part in by all present.

Many Women Are Taking Bitro-Phosphate Now

Women lacking in nerve force and whose minds are not as keen as in days gone by, are fast finding that organic phosphate is the one element that their impoverished nerve and blood cells need.

Bitro-Phosphate, for which D. W. Adams has such a large demand, is ordered by physicians because with its use comes the spirited buoyancy and energy of youth. It feeds the nerve, brain and blood cells just the food nature intends strong healthy people to have, and is a safe inexpensive up-builder.

MORE WORK FOR BIDDEFORD MILLS

Biddeford, Me., Jan. 4.—Notice was given today that beginning with this week the Pepperell Mills in this city and the York Mills in Saco, employing together 5,000 hands, will increase their working schedule to four days a week. For the past month they have been running only three days.

BUTTONS FROM OUR RIVERS

Pearl Mussel Fisheries Are a Flourishing and Very Interesting Industry.

It should be remembered that in addition to their food value fishes are necessary in our rivers if we are to perpetuate the pearl button industry of the country, which employs some twenty thousand people and yields a product valued at more than $3,000,000.

When the young mussels, which are of microscopic size, are thrown off from the brood pouches of their parents at the proper season, the larval mussels slowly drift to the bottom and perish in a few days' time unless they come in contact with a passing fish of suitable kind and succeed in making attachment. Once this attachment is made, the tissue of the fish grows over the little mussel, until it has undergone a remarkable change of form and structure; then it drops from the fish to commence its independent life at the bottom of the stream or lake.

It is a further fact that the young of particular kinds of mussels require the gills of particular kinds of fishes as nurseries. The black bass is host for several sorts of mussels, while the kiyiack, a kind of herring, is the only known host for the best of all mussels. As this last mentioned fish is far from being abundant in American rivers, it is plain that much care should be exercised in its maintenance.

The mussel fishery that supplies the fresh water pearl button industry is actively conducted in at least twenty states in the Mississippi river basin, the raw production of shells now has a value of about $1,000,000. The fresh water pearl button is now recognized as among the cheapest durable buttons that can be procured. The mussel beds have been rapidly depleted, chiefly because the fishermen in past years would retain only the very best shells and discard as culls all shells that were of an inferior grade.

Necessary action in the way of government legislation to protect the mussel fisheries has been so long delayed that this unique and rather important industry is now sure to experience considerable difficulty in perpetuating itself.—Floyd W. Parsons, in the Saturday Evening Post.

WHERE BOARD IS NOW CHEAP

Girls in the Mission Schools in China Pay Only $18 Year for Their Meals.

It is refreshing in these days of high prices to learn that somewhere it is possible to get one's daily bread and its accompaniments at a low figure. The place is China—Tengschow, in the province of Shantung. There, in the mission school, a girl may have three meals a day for $18 a year.

The menu sounds strange to the school girl of the western world, but to the Chinese student it is highly satisfactory. Steamed corn bread and raw turnips that have been kept in brine and then chopped quite fine compose the regulation breakfast almost all the year. For dinner there is usually millet cooked dry like rice, and some hot vegetable. Twice a week the vegetable is cooked with fat pork instead of in bean oil as usual. Supper is the same as breakfast. Perhaps half a dozen times a year, however, they celebrate with more luxurious fare.—Christian Science Monitor.

Make Four Speeches for One.

William Lyon Phelps, professor of English literature at Yale, declares he gets credit for only 25 per cent of the after-dinner speeches he actually makes. "Every time I accept an invitation to speak I really make four addresses. First, is the speech I prepare in advance. That is pretty good. Second, is the speech I really make. Third, is the speech I make on the way home, which is the best of all; and fourth, is the speech the newspapers next morning say I made, which bears no relation to any of the others."—Boston Globe.

Taking After Mother.

Bert just came home from college and he had a "shadow" on his upper lip. He stopped to say "Hello" to his grandfather.

His grandfather looked him over and said: "Why, son, you look more like your mother every day."

"What makes you think so?" asked Bert.

"Why, because your father had a mustache that came down to his chin. Just look at that one of yours; you must take after your mother."—Indianapolis News.

Not Like a Lawyer.

Mirandy, of dusky hue, made a poor witness. In answer to every question put to her by the attorney she invariably replied, "I think so." The attorney finally became disgusted.

"Now look here," he warned, "I want you to cut out that thinking and answer questions. Now talk!"

"Yes, sah," quavered Mirandy. "But, mistah, you see it's like dis. Ah ain't like you lawyers; ah can't talk without thinkin'."

A Long Time to Wait.

"Well, professor," inquired the young musician, "how do my compositions please yo?"

"Why, I think," responded the older man, "that they may perhaps be played when Mozart, Haydn, Mendelssohn and Meyerbeer have been forgotten."

"Really?" exclaimed the young musician in ecstasy.

"Certainly, but not till then," remarked the other.—Houston Post.

OBEDIENCE TO NATURAL LAW

Fear Implanted in Mankind for the Purpose of Promoting Caution—Differs in the Sexes.

"In normal, well-balanced persons there is a certain relation between the element of fear and the element of courage. Fear is an emotion existing for the purpose of promoting caution, and in primitive days and in animals tends to self-preservation. Anger, curiosity and courage are factors which oppose fear and flight. When knowledge, experience, repetition, finally limit or delimit the action of these two opposing instincts and emotions, conscious action is carried out with understanding according to the inherent reactions.

"Woman was made with the element of fear and caution more pronounced than in man, because woman, the mother, was not supposed to be the fighter. Man, primitive man, the fighter, was more endowed with courage."

These quotations from a report by Dr. Samuel Wyllis Bandler of New York to the Journal of the American Medical association preface a discussion of the differences in the ductless, or endocrine, glands in man and woman. In normal persons these balance each other, but the balance is different in the two sexes and, according to Doctor Bandler, it is this difference in balance that causes the differences in the instincts and emotions.

SHREWDNESS BORN IN HIM

Successful Man's Ability as Trader Was Shown at an Extremely Early Age.

From day to day proof is forthcoming that genius is spontaneous and not a slow growth—that it is of the type of Minerva who sprang full-armed from the head of Zeus. This is evidently as true of the genius of the mart as it is properly supposed to be of the more esthetic forms of genius.

An instance in substantiation of this opinion was recently related by a veteran business man as a side light on the why of the success of a well-known industrial leader.

"I remember him," it was related, "when he was a lad of six years. He wanted to trade a lantern for one owned by a playmate, which he admired. Coming to his father, he asked counsel about the matter and was informed that he should use his own judgment.

"'Well, dad,' said the boy, 'I believe I'll trade; but wouldn't you take the oil out first?'"—Wall Street Journal.

Made Thorough Job of It.

The domestic happiness of an innkeeper in a village in the Jura has been shattered by the action of a jealous wife. Ten years ago the innkeeper, who is French, brought home from America a buxom woman of Austrian birth named Sophie. Sophie is now fat and forty, and the affections of her husband have decreased. Sophie resolved to revenge herself, and, when her husband was absent, she smashed all the furniture and then turned on all the taps of the wine barrels. Finally she soaked the wreckage with petroleum and set it alight. When the husband appeared his wife threw on the fire a number of bank notes which represented their savings. While the neighbors were busy trying to extinguish the flames Sophie hanged herself from the branch of a tree.—From the Continental Edition of the New York Herald.

He Knew Its Use.

An Indianapolis family a few years ago took a boy from an orphanage. Now, of course, everything at the new home was different from the place he had just left. Still he tried to make himself at home and help all he could.

One day the woman of the house told her grown daughter to go upstairs after a box. The orphanage youngster offered to go instead. "But you don't know where to find it," protested the woman.

"Oh, yes, I do," the little boy insisted. He had gone to her closet before after things and had seen the boxes. "They are in the little pantry that you keep your clothes in."

Alloy Stronger Than Steel.

An Italian engineer has discovered a new alloy of zinc and copper which is stronger than steel and less corrosive than copper, says the Scientific American. The most important characteristics of the new alloy, which has been named "Black Metal," are the highest known breaking point, the highest limit of elasticity, perfect homogeneity and higher resistance to both heating and chemical action. It has been stated that it can successfully be cast, machined, rolled, forged, drawn and stamped. It is expected that it will prove an acceptable substitute for steel, brass and aluminum.

Ground Ice.

A professional paper of the United States geological survey on the Canning river region, in northern Alaska, describes the occurrence of ground ice in that region and reviews the literature of ground ice in considerable detail. The author concludes that the two varieties of ground ice most common in northern Alaska are formed by the burial of river ice by sediments and by the growth in place of vertical ice wedges.

Where She Might Shine.

Mrs. Tonsils—You've heard my daughter sing. Don't you think she's about ready for a public appearance?

The Impresario—Certainly, madam. I thought as I listened to her what a fine movie actress she'd make.

Detachable Fur Collars

We have some very nice Fur Collars, all ready to put on your overcoat, or ulster. Just sew on a few buttons and it is ready to wear. Just the thing for the cold weather.

Winter Suitings and Overcoatings at Reasonable Prices.

WOOD The Tailor

13 Pleasant St.

THE ST. JAMES HOTEL

Cor. Penn. Ave. and 6th St., Washington, D. C.

Terminal taxicabs always at your ple and owned by a New Hampshire man.

It is admirably situated in the center of the Capital City, and is most convenient to the public buildings, business houses and places of amusement.

Avenue.

The St. James is easily accessible from the New Union Station by street car, being about six minutes' ride. Cars marked Georgetown, Piney Branch Road, or 14th Street, pass the hotel on Pennsylvania Ave.

Terminal taxicabs always at your service.

Rates are $1 up for rooms.

Automobile Insurance

Fire, Theft, Personal Liability, Property Damage, and Collision.

John Sise & Co.

5 Market St.

Portsmouth, N. H.

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE

With increased facilities the subscribers again are prepared to take charge of and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to their care. They will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries they will do turfing and grading in the city on short notice. Cemetery lots for sale, also Loam and Turf. Orders left at residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail with Oliver A. Ham, 54 Market Street, will be given prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN & SON

FINEST COLLAR WORK In New England

We have the "Last Word" in [illegible] Machinery and [illegible]

Telephone 295

PERSIAN PILGRIM'S PEN PICTURES

Lincoln, Nebraska, Dec. 18, 1920

The Persian Pilgrims in Nebraska

One of the greatest wonders of the world is the railroad of the United States with all its comforts and extent. The railroad mileage of this country is two hundred sixty thousand miles; it exceeds that of all Europe by fifty-six thousand miles and constitutes thirty-six per cent of all railroads of the world. The magical growth and development of the United States has been stimulated by building railroads in all directions, intersecting it with numerous branches and bringing within the reach of man the most remote parts. The wealth of this country is far ahead of all the old countries of the world. The great war laid its material needs directed to United States the wealth and opulence of European countries so that while in 1900 bank clearings were eighty-five billions; in 1919 they were three hundred eighty-seven billions. The population of the United States in 1900 was seventy-six million but the census of 1920 give 105,708,771. These signs of development betoken a great era of unparalleled prosperity in this country. The Persians realize that the future of America is secure, because the average intelligence of the inhabitants is high, the illiteracy is at minimum, and education is defeating the armies of ignorance and darkness. The state of Nebraska has a population of 1,296,371. It is supremely an agricultural state. The climate is ideal for farming and live stock with long growing season. There are 150,000 farms in Nebraska, the average size 300 acres.

The Persians in Omaha

The Persian Pilgrims having left Duluth on the 12th of December stopped on their way in Minneapolis for a few hour to meet their Bahai friends [illegible] their memorable stay in their midst. A meeting was arranged for them in the Bahai Library and quite a large number had gathered there to listen to the lecture of Professor Fazel about his unique experiences in Duluth. At half past six they left for Omaha and arrived there the next morning. Mrs. W. P. Olds of 1010 South 28th St., was at the station to welcome them. She took the Persians in a taxicab to her home where a very delightful breakfast was served and the reporters and photographers of the Omaha Bee, the Daily News and the World Herald were interviewed. The afternoon editions of these papers contained illustrated articles, giving the list of the interviews and announcing the various meetings. Special hand bills were printed by hundreds and circulated throughout the city. The little weekly booklet called "In Omaha this Week" have published on page 10 the list of subjects to be given here. These booklets are given to the tourists in all the hotels so that a wide publicity [illegible]

Professor Fazel Speaks With the Newspaper Men

The Omaha Bee of Dec. 11 reports "Economic, poetry, religion, education, individuality and other subjects are to be discussed in a series of lectures which are to be given before various civic, social and study clubs and research societies by Professor Fazel of Teheran, Persia. Dressed in a long flowing black garment and a white turban, Professor Fazel this morning gave a few of his impressions of America gleaned from his several months tour here and in Canada. 'America is an industrial nation,' he said, and 'speed' seems to be its motto in everything. I am particularly impressed with four things: first, freedom; second, the democratic form of your government; third, the public schools system and fourth the newspapers. I was surprised to find even in the small towns excellent school [illegible] advanced methods of teaching. The education of men and women has been directed by the state and the result has been an internationally minded people. The Bahai Movement was established seventy years ago by Baha'o'llah who later was imprisoned in Haifa, Syria, because of his spiritual ideals and his proclamation of the oneness of the world of humanity.

Professor Before the Lion's Club

At 12 o'clock Professor Fazel gave a talk before the members of the Lion's Club in Rome Hotel on "International Unity and Brotherhood." The members of the club gave him a very warm reception and a most wonderful welcome. In his talk he dwelt on the necessity of the cultivation of an international conscience, with the hearts of all people beating as one. He expounded the principles of international unity and stated that the three media which must work for the application of this ideal are the [illegible] the newspapers and the ministers. The greatest distraction has been the multiplicity of languages, religious prejudices and race animosity. An international auxiliary language will be the first step and would go a long way in carrying home to the peoples of the earth the significant word of "brotherhood" which means that they must be united from the heart. If we are going to have a League of Nations it must be founded on an international conscience—then the heart of humanity will beat as the heart of the individual. With such a League we will have international good will and with it everlasting peace and prosperity.

Talk Before the Metaphysical Society

At 2.30 the Professor was conducted to the hall of Metaphysical Society in Patterson Block, 17th and Farnam St., where he spoke on the "Ideals of the New Age." The hall was crowded to the door and the attention of the listeners was wholly directed towards the speaker.

The Persian sage dwelt on the principles which are the very heart of the body politic in this age. He hoped the time will soon come when complete disarmament will be realized. The younger generation must be taught the essence of the teachings of the past prophets; so that their minds may be prepared for the new order of things by proper education. He believed that the world is growing better and that there are hopeful signs of a new awakening, old animosities are dying away and a new era has [illegible] begun. A new magnetism [illegible] a sense of this newness in the very air that encircles us. It is though the very air echoes the voice of humanity. And out of the consciousness of man flows the beauty of holiness and the sacrifice of service.

The people of Omaha have been very hospitable to the Persian Pilgrims and extended to them a loving hand of companionship. This mingling of the east and the west is one of the miracles of this age.

In the evening of this day, Jenabe Fazel gave another talk on "The Solution of the Economic Problem" before a large and interesting gathering. He expressed the opinion that [illegible] be any industrial revolution in the United States but there may be here and there minor disturbances which will always lead to compromise and mutual understanding between capital and labor. In connection with the League of Nations there will be periodic meetings between the employer and employees, who will discuss their mutual grievances, especially the [illegible] with gentle courtesy. The period of competition must be closed and the era of cooperation set in. Capital and Labor are like the two hands of the [illegible] they must be equally strong; if one hand [illegible] be weight and the other, fail, one [illegible] there will be no equilibrium, no justice and no fairness. The speaker referred to the new invention of a [illegible] gun so powerful and deadly that a single charge of it from a bomb thrown from an airplane over a city as New York would in 10 minutes exterminate the entire population of 600,000 human beings. The formula of this terrible invention, so fraught with frightfulness is known only to two men, both living and working in Washington, D.C. It is leaked out that two tanks were manufactured in one of the experiment stations. The inventor stood in such terror before this terrible stuff that it was decided by the war department to get rid of it and a war ship was borrowed from the navy, the two tanks were taken [illegible] were gently weighted and secretly sunk. It is hoped in the future the genius of man will be given to constructive and beneficent undertakings of life rather than to the invention of these deadly weapons.

Fazel Before the Literary Department of the Woman's Club

On Dec. 15 Jenabe Fazel gave a very beautiful talk before the members of the Woman's Club on the poetry of Persia. He gave a succint history on the development of the literature from the beginning to the present day, quoting a number of the matchless poems of his native land and raising the consciousness of the listeners to the higher plane of poetry. He recited the poem of Firdousi and Hafiz which was very much enjoyed by the people. As we are speaking about Persian poetry it will not be out of place to quote here one of the beautiful poems of Hafiz entitled the "Mystic."

"Hither, hither O ye weary, O ye sons of wail and woe,
We who've proved the hollow shimmer of this world of fleeting show,
Ye, who've seen your heart's hopes vanish, like the firstlings of snow,

Ye, who scorn the brutal bondage of this world of misbelief,
Ye, who bear the royal blazon of the heart afire with grief,
Hark a, hearken to my calling; for I offer you relief.

I am he whom men call teller of the things that none may see,
Tongue of speech of the Unspoken, I am he that holds the Key
Of the treasures of vision and the mines of mystery.

I am he that knows the secrets of the lands beyond the goal,
I am he that solves the puzzles of the sorrow smitten soul,
I am he that giveth gladness from the wine-enlightened bowl.

I am he that heals the wounded and the weary of their scars,
I am Hafiz, son of Shiraz in the plains of Fars.

See, my hands are full of jewels from the worlds beyond the tomb
Here be pearls of perfect passion from the middle dreamland's womb;
Here be amethysts of solace, from the purging of your gloom.

Here be rubies red and radiant, of the color of the heart,
Here be topazes sun-golden, such as [illegible] [illegible] of your heart.

If your souls are sick with sorrow, here is that which shall appease;
If your lips are pale with passion, here is that which hath the Keys—
To the sanctuaries of solace and the Shekinah of peace.

Let the bigot tend his idols, let the trader buy and sell;
Ears are theirs that cannot hearken to the tale I have to tell,
Eyes that cannot see the treasures that are open to my spell.

Where is he that's heavy-laden? Lo, my hand shall give him peace.
Where are they that dwell in darkness? I am he that can release.
Where [illegible] that's broad-hearted? [illegible] are surcease.

Hither, hither with your burdens, I have that shall make them light,
I have salves shall purge the earth mists from the fountains of your sight.
Come, O doubt-distracted brother! Come, O heavy-burdened one!
Come to me and I will teach you how the goal of rest is won,
Come and I shall cleave your darkness with the splendors of the sun

Leave your striving, never-ending; let the weary world go by;
Let its bondmen hug their fetters, let its traders sell and buy,
With the roses in the garden we will sojourn, you and I.

[illegible] the gladness and the sadness of the world alike are naught,
I will give you wine to drink of from the ancient wells of thought,
Where it's lain for ages ripening whilst the traders sold and bought.

What is Fate that we should seek it? Wherefore question how or why?
See, the roses are in bloom; see, the sun is in the sky;
See, the world is lit with summer, let us live and love and die.

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel. No griping results from these pleasant little tablets. They cause the liver and bowels to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a soothing, healing, vegetable compound mixed with olive oil.

If you have a bad taste, bad breath, feel dull, tired, are constipated or bilious, you'll find quick and sure results from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime. 10c and 30c [illegible]

[illegible] who accepted him thought that he came to them alone. They wanted to "monopolize" the truth; to form a kind of "spiritual trust" so that the rest of the world may come to them and receive the message of eternity. This was their mistake. That is why in a recent sermon by a popular and distinguished minister of New York he said: "Churches are dead and must be abandoned in favor of a new type. The churches are all alike, mere survivals of the past. A new church must be evolved that shall be undenominational, democratic, free, universal, the spiritual embodiment of the common hopes and dreams of men."

This is the Bahai Movement, for includes all the democratic and universal ideals of God and humanity; so that in this golden era we may have the brotherhood of religions.

Lecture Before Concord Club

At noon Dec. 16, the members of the Concord Club composed of the professional and business men of Omaha listened to a talk by the Persian Philosopher on The Old and New Persia. Before the lecture, they sang many stirring songs, one of them entitled "Omaha." The Persian Pilgrims are delighted to see the civic spirit manifested in all these clubs and how they are all working to boost their towns to help the unfortunate, to have a clean, wholesome, social atmosphere. Being near Christmas many of these Clubs had in their plans to have gifts and Christmas trees for the poor boys and girls of their district. Likewise they were all generously subscribing towards the children's fund under Hoover for the starved children of Europe. This is indeed one of the noblest and unselfish deeds that the Persian Pilgrims have witnessed in their journey across this continent. It cheers one's heart to see such spontaneous generosity and philanthropic manifested simultaneously in all parts of the United States. It is indeed the work of God, for these millions of children of Europe saved thru American intervention will never forget their benefactors. It is [illegible] the foundation [illegible] of the people. At the Persian Pilgrims left the Concord Club luncheon held in Hotel Hayden, the singing tones of the diners are still in their ears as they sang:

I love a town, just like the town we all call Omaha,
Where perfect health and boundless wealth from those rich lands you draw,
Mountain peaks and ocean beaches may be fine,
But give me Nebraska plain [illegible]
[illegible] Omaha.

[illegible] afternoon before the Theosophical Society on "Self-mastry" and in the evening in the ball room of the Castle Hotel on "Abdul Baha, His Life and Teachings." Both lectures were well attended, especially the evening one which was the last of the series of talks given in Omaha. The Persian scholar dwelt chiefly on the life of Abdul Baha and how from the age of nine he was an exile, a prisoner, a lover of humanity, a helper of the poor and an inspiror of the hearts, a leader of his flocks, a light in the darkness of the world, a pillar of light by day and a pillar of fire by night. Abdul Baha stands as the supreme figure of peace in a world of war; in [illegible] in an environment of [illegible] of life in a region of death. All thru his long dramatic career he has never lost his hope in the goodness of the nature of man. He has ever befriended the friendless, helped the helpless and raised the fallen. Even his enemies bear testimony to this miraculous part of his nature. Like unto the sun he showers his bounties on all humanity, he embraces in his capacious arms all the races, religions and nations. He walks in the highway of light, is a herald of the center of light, brings the people into the Kingdom of light, fills the eye with the beauty of light and transforms the dark hearts and gloomy minds into a world of light.

Lecture Before the Theosophical Society

In the evening at 8 p. m. a wonderful talk was delivered before the members of the Theosophical Society in Templar Building, 16th and Capital [illegible] Christ. The speaker said he [illegible] much that not only Christ was endowed with Universal Consciousness but all the prophets had it and lived in accord with its spirit. They were not the respectors of persons. They loved all humanity. They brought the same message of truth and righteousness. They awakened the slumbering consciousness of men with the breath of the Holy Spirit. Christ lived in that Universal Consciousness all [illegible]

History of Omaha

Omaha is called the "Gate city of the West." It has a population of 200,000 and is the commercial and industrial metropolis of a great inland empire. It was laid out in 1854 by a group of men who had [illegible] speculation [illegible] grew almost overnight. Its commercial position was assured in 1863 when President Lincoln chose it as the eastern terminus of the Pacific railway. Omaha is the largest city in Nebraska. It is situated on a plateau sloping up from the west bank of the Missouri river. The manufacturing and jobbing districts adjoin the river, while the [illegible] ments. More grain is shipped to Omaha direct from the grower than to any other primary market. While Omaha is essentially an agricultural city, the annual output of the city is approaching $400,000,000. The state of Nebraska alone can easily support 10 times its present population. The altitude of Omaha is 1,123 ft. above sea level. One of the interesting organizations is composed of 2000 Omaha business men and is called Ak-sar-ben. The name is derived from spelling Nebraska backwards. It owns a large building known as the "Den" at which weekly Sorlo-comic initiation ceremonies are held during the summer for the entertainment of the visitors. [illegible] All there is a carnival daylight [illegible] electric and coronation hall, attracting thousands out of the city. The large municipal Auditorium has 7000 seats and Omaha is one of the few cities owning such a building. There are more automobiles in proportion to population in Nebraska than in any other state in the Union. Here there is a system of the most beautiful boulevards connecting 22 national parks thru river and hillsdrives. There are 100 protestant churches, 27 catholic churches, with other denomination in proportion. The city government of Omaha operates under the commission form. The executive body consists of 7 commissioners from which they elect a mayor. Omaha [illegible] of America's greatest [illegible] for markets. Nebraska alone produces two million dollars worth of raw furs. One Omaha concern markets the furs of over 50,000 trappers. Omaha has 17 hospitals with accommodations for 2000 patients. It is a city of comfortable homes. Practically it has no slums or tenements to mar its beauty. Omaha public library consists of one hundred and thirty-five thousand volumes, housed in a handsome structure. There are three leading daily newspapers, 19 weeklies and several monthly magazines. There are five large and six smaller packing plants in Omaha with an output of over two hundred million dollars. More than fifteen thousand people are employed with an annual pay-roll of over [illegible] million dollars. Omaha has [illegible] school buildings, one thousand teachers and 30,000 pupils and has an annual operating expense of one million fifty-six thousand dollars. It leads many cities in lead ore production. The annual output of its smelter is over 60 million dollars. The rate of taxation in Omaha is 2.12 per cent on actual valuation. Many people remember Omaha as the site of trans-Mississippi Exposition in 1898. The [illegible] Omaha exceeds [illegible] dollars. [illegible] from the [illegible] in Nebraska [illegible] 1917 was 3,574,000 bushels. Nebraska has been called the "bread basket of the world." It produces more meat than four and a half times its population. The total wealth in 1917 was $3,710,152,768. Nebraska is 415 miles long and 216 miles broad and has an area of 76,808 square miles. This state with its wonderful soil and people is capable of untold development and offers an unsurpassed opportunity for the man who is not afraid to work.

On leaving Omaha the Persian Pilgrims must express their heartiest thanks to Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Olds who went to extreme points to make their sojourn in this city a most pleasant and delightful one. They met many excellent men and women whose memories they shall never forget.

The Persians in Lincoln, Nebraska

Through the activity of Mr. F. J. Coover three meetings were arranged in Lincoln, Nebraska, first in the University, second in Kiwanis Club and the other in All Souls Unitarian Church. Mrs. Coover had come a day ahead to Omaha to conduct the Pilgrims to Lincoln. They were delighted to meet Mrs. Coover who is an extremely intelligent woman and interested in all the spiritual problems of life.

Lecture at University of Nebraska.

On Dec. 17 they left Omaha and two hours later reached the station, where they were welcomed by Mr. Coover who took them to the Lincoln Hotel. At 11 o'clock a. m. Jenabe Fazel was conducted to the Convocation [illegible] of the University and was introduced to a number of the professors. A large gathering of students welcomed in their midst this teacher of the East. In his talk to them he advocated an international system of education and equal rights for the coming generations of all the countries. The Lincoln Daily Star and the Evening State Journal reported the talk almost fully. The Star reporting the talk said in part: "Jenabe Fazel speaking at Convocation Hall at the University of Nebraska, Friday morning, delivered what the new faculty men and advanced students agreed to have been one of the most distinguished addresses of the year. Dr. Fazel spoke on the educational reformation in Persia and the spiritual philosophy of Baha'o'llah, the universal Persian Teacher whose programme is somewhat similar to that of the United States in general application, but embracing all the peoples. The distinguishing feature of this century Dr. Fazel said, is the vital problem of education. The world is entering the golden age of the prophets who foretold the coming together of all the nations of the world. Baha'o'llah advocated an international curriculum of education; so that all the children [illegible] have an equal [illegible] and enlightenment [illegible] children of Asia, Europe, [illegible] resolve the same [illegible] vocational training, banishing the dark forces of ignorance pauperism and penury from amongst mankind. Another instrument for international education is an international language; so that the inhabitants of this globe may communicate with one another in the same tongue, sharing each other's thoughts and feelings and entering into the same intellectual and cultural agreement. Out of international education and universal language will grow international conscience. And out of the invisible realm of conscience shall spring universal ideals which will constitute the bases of world unity, bringing into the arena of visibility the hopes and the dreams of the ages and seers—the oneness of the world of humanity, Dr. Fazel spoke in Persian, the delicately modulated sentences having a charm and grace which the interpretation into English by Mirza Ahmad Sohrab, disclosed to be a reflection of the thought which informed and moulded them. Dr. Fazel brought to bear upon education of his country (and ours by reflection) all the freshness and high seriousness of an Oriental philosophy, stimulated by western advancement and by a world contact with his country. For the last eight months he has been studying the educational methods and laws of this country; so that on returning to Persia he may advise his countrymen upon the educational advantages formulated here. He said the more the leaders of humanity give their attention to this great problem of education, the greater will be the advancement and progress of the world. It is only thru science and knowledge that in the past centuries man has been enabled to arise above the brute plane. Consequently our greatest hope for the future is the development of those faculties which mirror and interpret the world about us, guiding civilization along its path. Inquestionably you are aware of the fact that between the Hand 10th century, called the period of scholasticism many excellent books were written on astronomy, algebra, philosophy and metaphysics in Persian and Arabic languages. And these books in turn were translated into Latin language, then the learned language of Europe. Especially the Persians reached a high standard of excellence in medicine and the great work of Avicina was translated into the Latin language and taught in the universities of Europe. "Astronomy" is a Persian compound word meaning "book of stars" and in the ninth century two Persian astronomers measured the circumference of the earth and established beyond a shadow of doubt the sphericity or its rotoundity. In the [illegible] century the first clock was sent from Bagdad to Charlemagne, the [illegible] Persian. The priests not understanding the working of the clock thought that the Persians magic have actually imprisoned the devil within it. They broke the clock in order to end the satan but "the bad already escaped." The educational advance of Persia dates from the appearance of Baha'o'llah about 70 years ago. Baha'o'llah made education compulsory, not only by the state but also thru the conscience of the community; saying, every member of society must contribute to the education of the children, even if he had no child himself. The appearance of Baha'o'llah was like unto a sun which flooded that country with its warm rays and awakened the dormant forces in the brains and hearts. Baha'o'llah said the school should be recreation centers, children's homes so that when the student get up in the morning they may run toward their schools with the greatest joy and happiness. Their teachers must be their guides and friends and not task-masters. The very root of fear must be exterminated from the educational world. Baha-o'llah desired that all the children be educated in the arts and crafts as well as in literature. The moral and practical education must go hand in hand. The bird of human soul has two wings, one is moral education and the other scientific education. Both of these wings must be equally strengthened and reinforced, otherwise the birds can not fly.

Lecture in All Souls Unitarian Church

In the evening Prof. Fazel gave another talk in the All Souls Unitarian church on the subject "The Bahai Movement toward World Unity." He gave to the interested audience a synopsis of the history and the teachings of the Bab Baha'o'llah and Abdul Baha, declaring that world unity can not be obtained without religious freedom. Mr. Harding, the President-elect in his talk the other day referred to the freedom of religion as the bulwark of liberty. He said: "I do not believe there is any other influence so much needed in a tumultous world as a reconsecration to God Almighty. I believe that America is free in religion. We boast of our civil liberty and our political independence but when you contemplate world conditions today, the best thing in this republic is religious freedom. Sometimes I think the world has gone adrift from its moorings religiously and I know it will help if we have a revival of religious faith. I want a government that is just and I don't think that a government can be just if it does not have somehow a contact with Omnipotent God."

Talk Before the Kiwanis Club

At noon Dr. Fazel gave a very comprehensive talk at the luncheon of Kiwanis Club. He was glad to meet here Mr. Bryan's brother, who is well informed of the Bahai movement. In his tour around the world, William J. Bryan visited Abdul Baha in Acca, Palestine, and wrote about the movement in a series of articles which appeared in the press at that time. Later in 1913, when Abdul Baha was traveling in the United States, he called on the wife and daughter of Mr. Bryan and had a very interesting talk with them on Universal peace. Dr. Fazel was very sorry that neither Mr. Bryan nor his family were in Lincoln so that he may pay them his respect. On that very day Mr. Bryan was a guest of President-Elect Harding, to consult with him on the new plan of the association of nations. The members of the Kiwanis Club gave a most wonderful welcome to Dr. Fazel, and his talk was well received.

Lincoln Historically

In a broad sense every city of Nebraska has a direct interest in the city of Lincoln. The two most important institutions belonging to the state, the Capital and the University, and several important institutions were built here. Lincoln has a population of 60,000, with broad avenues, clean streets, fine shopping center, and excellent up-to-date buildings. It is in a way the educational center of this middle west, with nearly two dozen institutions of learning. It is called by the patriotic inhabitants "the beautiful city." Its public library has over 100,000 volumes; it owns its water works system and electric light plant; it has 135 manufacturing plants, 57 churches of all denominations, 52 newspapers and periodicals; 28 public and private schools, and many other public organizations and societies. And in the last, but not least, it claims to have the "largest creamery" in the world; but because the Persians did not have the time to see and verify it, they should not doubt its correctness.

In the evening the Persian Pilgrims were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Coover, who spread before them a bounteous table of good things. They really went out of their way to make this short stay one of the most pleasant and long to be remembered. From here the Pilgrims continue their trip westward. With the staff of faith and the script of cheerfulness they go along the highway of the American cities, singing their songs into the hearts of the inhabitants, and gaining that knowledge and experience which shall form the basis of a friendship between the people of the east and the west. Wherever they go the doors of opportunities are open before their faces. They are received with genuine courtesy. Their lectures are given free of charge. They seek no remuneration; they ask for no praise or favors, but their highest hope is to remove the veils of prejudices from before the eyes, to enlighten the mind with the rays of reality, to spiritualize the hearts with the power of the Holy Spirit; to uplift the soul to a higher plane of consciousness; to make this world one home, the inhabitants thereof the members of one family, and the organs of one body. The east and the west, the north and the south unite in this illumined age come to know each other, forget their past creeds and narrowness, and associate with one another with concord and harmony. These are the aims of the Bahais! These are the hopes of the lovers of humanity! These are the ideals of every forward looking man and woman.

TAXI TEL. 3 SERVICE

BRUISES-SPRAINS
Alternate applications hot and cold cloths—then apply—
VICKS VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

Roberts & Trace Garage Co.
Jones Ave., Kittery, Me.
NEAR NAVY YARD ENTRANCE
STORAGE
Cars to Let by Hour or Trip.
Day and Night Service.
Full Line of Tires, Tubes and Accessories.
REPAIRING
And Overhauling a Specialty.
Satisfaction Guaranteed on All Work.
New and Second Hand Cars For Sale.
Phone 653-R.

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

Established September 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company. Terms—$5.00 a year when paid in advance; 50 cents a month; 2 cents per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail. Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor. Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.
Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.

Telephone—Editorial, 38; Business, 57.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS—The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published here. All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved

Portsmouth, N. H., Tuesday, January 4, 1921.

America's Bad Crime Record.

On more than one occasion this paper has expressed the view that one cause for the prevalence of crime in this country is the failure to deal properly with criminals after their conviction. There can be no doubt that this leniency, or laxness, whichever it may be called, has a bad effect by emboldening the criminal classes and causing them to believe that, even in the case of detection and conviction, they will not have to suffer the full penalty of the law. They are familiar with the practice of suspending sentences and releasing on probation, and are not unmindful of the fact that in many cases severe sentences are followed by early pardons.

Just now the country is more or less exercised by the so-called "crime wave" that is making itself felt in most of the large cities, while the smaller communities are not immune to criminal outbreaks of the most shocking character. Murder, burglary, robbery and general thuggery occupy conspicuous positions on the front pages of the daily papers. It is quite possible that in this time of excitement there may be a disposition to lend a little "color" to the accounts, but in the case of killings there is not much room for what the reporters call color. When a human life is deliberately taken it is impossible to exaggerate the gravity of the staggering fact.

And while at present there is a certain hysterical interest in the situation, there are also those who are making a serious study of conditions in the hope of finding a remedy. And these are not confining their attention to what is spoken of just now as the "crime wave." They are aware that in the field of homicide the United States has the worst record of any civilized country in the world, and that this record is not the outgrowth of any epidemic of crime. It has been accumulating for years and stands today as a disgrace to the country that boasts leadership in so many directions, but which in this field makes a most humiliating showing.

A leading magazine in discussing this painful subject speaks of an American professional man who was obliged to spend some time in England, and whose observations there and at home cause this country to suffer severely by comparison. This man says that while Americans are talking about the great disturbance and unrest in Europe, many Europeans are equally disposed to consider their own disturbed countries as safer places to live in than the United States of America. And he finds Americans of standing and information who, like himself, are concerned at the lack of regard for law. He concludes that the chief trouble is lax enforcement of the law, with "its long-winded procedure, its delays and appeals and technicalities, its letting off of bad men and women and turning them loose to commit further crime."

It is not necessary to go into detail with reference to this part of the subject. All know that in many of the worst criminal cases the penalties imposed fall so far short of seeming justice as to astound the public, and too often are these insufficient sentences cut short by pardon.

There are many deserving pardons and it is justice to grant them and there are cases where the law has been to rigid also.

That is the situation. It is attracting attention in Europe, and if the attention it is now commanding in this country is continued until it results in action the country will be the better for it.

President Wilson with becoming dignity declines to capitalize his high office by accepting the offer of $150,000 from a publishing syndicate for a single article. The offer illustrates the value of a name in literature, even though it may not have been established through the channels of literature. The public is regaled with a good deal of that sort of "stuff" these days.

Edison's phonograph works have been closed down indefinitely, owing to business conditions. But it is to be presumed that Mr. Edison will continue work on his device for communicating with the dead. The demand for something that will accomplish that end is as great as ever.

Two thousand barrels of good beer, the kind that was made before the lid went on, has been turned into the sewer at Worcester, Mass., by Federal officers. It is a wonder that it waited so long for capture.

The Boston Chamber of Commerce favors daylight saving by a large majority. And, in theory, it is undoubtedly also deeply interested in the welfare of the farmers.

Fuel control has cost the government nearly $5,000,000. It is much of a question whether the people have received the worth of the money.

It ought to be easier to keep good resolutions than it used to be, though it is still possible to break them, as daily reports make very apparent.

D'Annunzio's war didn't last long after it really began.

PEOPLE'S OPINIONS

An Answer to Free Thinker.

Editor—Permit me to ask through your paper that "The Free Thinker" in Kittery would sign his name. His attitude toward religion is different to yours as expressed in your editorial and his nameless letter. If I knew the writer I should like to ask him to give us the names of the parties and the time and place of the man who was sent to jail for two years for criticising religion. Also the names of the two women who were fined $25 each and costs of court for chewing gum on Sunday. Sincerely yours for the prosperity and happiness of Kittery people, JOHN GRAHAM.

FT. CONSTITUTION

Sergeant Due Today

Sergeant Lauthers, artillery engineer corps, is expected to arrive at the reservation today coming from Boston Harbor.

Complement Now 155

The present strength of the post is 155 which is a considerable increase over that of last summer and each week sees new arrivals.

EPIDEMIC OF HICCOUGHS

Have you had the hiccoughs?

If not, watch out.

The epidemic, which for some weeks has been raging in the West, has hit this section. Already there have been a number of cases in this city.

If you are taken with the hiccoughs and the usual remedies do not stop them, consult a doctor at once. Don't wait.

WARD IS CHAIRMAN

The Board of Public Works have organized, with Thomas A. Ward as chairman, and Clarence Smart as clerk. David R. Smith was re-elected superintendent.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES

A wrestling tournament is to be given later at the Y. M. C. A., and now is the time to begin training.

The business men's gymnasium class meets on Monday and Friday evenings, and is going along well, the members becoming much interested.

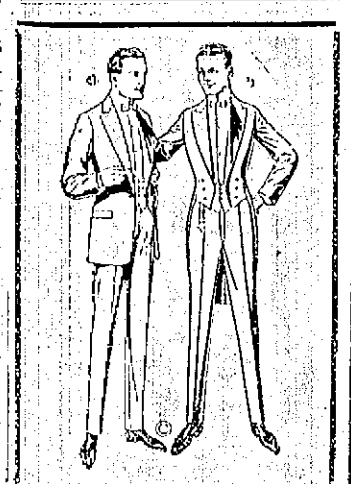
"S. G." MANUFACTURER DEAD

Samuel Grymlish, the well known cigar manufacturer of Boston, died Sunday at the age of 69 years. Mr. Grymlish was well known in this city. He was a prominent member of Boston Lodge of Elks.

DECREASE IN PUBLIC DEBT

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 4—A decrease of $102,232,075 in the public debt during the last month of 1920 was announced today by the treasury.



Dress Accessories

Will be found here in the newest styles at revised prices.
Dress Shirts
Dress Ties
Dress Hosiery
Dress Gloves
Dress Jewelry
Dress Mufflers
N' Everything.

Dress Suits Made to Order or rented.

PARSONS
THE HATTER

Announcing the New and Lower 1921 Prices on Every Shoe in the Entire United Stock

MAIN OFFICE AND WHOLESALE DEPT., HAVERHILL, MASS.

FROM FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU UNITED SHOE STORES CO.

STORES IN MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, MASSACHUSETTS AND VERMONT

Haverhill, Mass., January 1, 1921.

To Our Friends and Patrons:—

It is my wish at this time to express the hearty thanks of the officers and personnel of this company for the generous business that was accorded us in 1920, a year of general business depression. Our records show that it surpasses all years previous in number of pairs sold and in volume of sales made. We derive a great deal of satisfaction from this showing as we believe it clearly demonstrates that our policy of selling good shoes in big volume at the lowest possible prices is retaining, not only the good will and patronage of our older customers, but is continually attracting new customers through the actual worth of United offerings.

The management of this company has given much time and thought to the problems that confront us, as merchants, in the year 1921. We believe, and this belief is substantiated already in many cities, that the coming three months will be marked by lurid, sensational, sales advertising and methods.

It is not our intention to join in this attempt to stampede the public into buying. Entirely new prices go into effect in every United Store the first day of January to correspond with the present low manufacturing market and these prices take effect without the accompaniment of sensational sales advertising or crowd gathering methods. This will bring United shoes down from fifteen to thirty per cent in every department of our stores and as fast as reductions in the market appear, lower prices will immediately be made to conform in each United store. We feel confident that this method will be much more satisfactory to our patrons than any other we might pursue.

We respectfully call the attention of United patrons to the new prices prevailing in United Stores and merely ask if you are tempted by the sensational offerings of sale concerns to compare the new United prices with those offered with the confident knowledge that you will find us rigidly maintaining our original policy: "Quality for Quality," never to be undersold.

Thanking you again for the generous support and patronage given the United Shoe Stores in the past and assuring you that we shall make every effort to continue to merit your confidence in the future, we remain,

Yours very truly,
CUTTER SIBLEY, Pres.,
UNITED SHOE STORES CO.

A Comparative Table Showing the Radical Reductions of the New 1921 United Prices from the Old 1920 United Prices

	NEW 1921 PRICE	OLD 1920 PRICE
Men's Dress Shoes	$3.45 TO $6.95	$4.45 TO $8.95
Men's Work Shoes	$3.45 TO $4.95	$3.95 TO $5.95
Ladies' Dress Shoes	$3.45 TO $6.95	$3.95 TO $8.95
Ladies' Comfort Shoes	$2.45 TO $3.45	$2.95 TO $4.95
Girl's School Shoes Sizes 2½ to 7.	$3.45 TO $4.95	$3.95 TO $6.95
Misses' School Shoes Sizes 11 to 2.	$2.95 TO $3.95	$3.45 TO $4.95
Children's School Shoes Sizes 8½ to 11.	$2.65 TO $3.45	$2.95 TO $4.25
Infants' Shoes Sizes 2 to 8.	$1.25 TO $1.45	$1.45 TO $1.95
Boys' School Shoes Sizes 2½ to 6.	$2.45 TO $3.95	$2.95 TO $4.95
Youth's School Shoes Sizes 1 to 2.	$2.25 TO $3.45	$2.95 TO $4.45
Small Boy's Shoes Sizes 10 to 13½.	$1.95 TO $3.25	$2.45 TO $3.95
Huskie Shoes 75-Day Guaranteed Sole.	$2.45 TO $3.25	$2.95 TO $3.45

United States Rubbers 20 to 30 Pct. Under Reg. Market Price

A Big Shoe Business Built on Big Shoe Values

FROM FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU UNITED SHOE STORES CO.

Opposite Woolworth's Portsmouth, N. H.

FOYE'S PRE-INVENTORY FOYE'S

JANUARY MARK DOWN

Beginning Thursday Morning, January 6th, at 8.30

FOR THREE DAYS—THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Thousands of Dollars' Worth of High Grade Merchandise all to be Sacrificed, With the Original Cost Forgotten in Our Effort to Clear Decks. Merchandise to be Sold for Less Than Replacement Prices.

READ

BED BLANKETS

$3.89 Grey Blankets $1.49
$4.25 White Blankets $2.49
$5.98 White Blankets $2.93
$7.98 and $7.25 White and Grey Blankets $3.98
$12.39 White California $7.98
$8.69 White and Grey $4.98
$15.00 White California $8.98

BED QUILTS

$5.00 Cut Corners $3.49
$3.98 Cut Corners $2.93
$4.00 Striped Ripplette $2.93

FABRIC GLOVES

Women's $1.75 Chamoisette Gloves $1.09
$1.50 Gauntlets 89c
All $1.25, $1.15, $1.00 Chamoisettes 69c
$3.00 Gloves $1.98
$2.25 and $2 Gloves $1.29
$1.75 Gloves $1.09

KID GLOVES

$4.00 French Kid Gloves $2.50
$3.00 Cape Gloves $2.09
$4.00 Mochas (beaver and grey) $2.50
$6.00 Gauntlets (finest kid) $3.49
Children's $2.98 Kid Gloves $1.50
Children's $2.25 Kid Gloves $1.25

DOMESTIC GOODS

81x108 Pequot Sheets (four to a customer) $1.98
81x99 Pequot Sheets (four to a customer) ..... $1.50 ea.
Long Cloth, 36 in. wide; 10 yds. to piece, extra good quality, at ..... $1.62 piece
Bleached All Linen "Stevens" Crash ..... 25c yd.
81x90 Seamless Sheets ..... $1.29 ea.
Hemstitched Huck Towels 33c
Hemstitched Huck Towels, 18 by 36 ..... 35c ea.
Red Border Hemstitched Huck Towels ..... 2 for 25c
Huck Towels, 18x36 ..... 25c ea.
39c Turkish Towels ..... 25c ea.
50c Turkish Towels, heavy 39c
75c Turkish Towels, extra heavy, at ..... 49c ea.
Absorbent Cotton ..... 49c lb.

BOYS' DEPT.

$2.75 Pants $1.49
$3.50 and $3 Pants $1.98
Gingham and Percale Blouses at 90c
$2.25 Flannel Blouses $1.89

INFANTS' DEPT.

$1.25 Rompers 69c
$1.50 Rompers 98c
$1.75 Rompers $1.09
$2.00 Rompers $1.29
$2.50 Rompers $1.49
$2.98 Rompers $1.98
$2.50 and $2 Sacques $1.49
$1.00 Rag Dolls 49c
$1.25 3-pc. Toy Sets 79c

READ

CHILDREN'S DEPT.

$2.00 Flannelette Sleeping Garments 98c
$2.25 Flannelette Nightgowns 98c
$2.98 Flannelette Nightgowns, now $1.49
$2.00 Flannelette Pajamas, sizes 6 to 8 ..... 98c
$2.98 Pajamas $1.49
$6.98 Bathrobes $3.98
$5.50 Bathrobes $3.49
$3.00 Russian Suits $1.29
$2.50 Russian Suits $1.49
$2.98 Russian Suits $1.98
$4.50, $3.98 and $3.50 Russian Suits $2.49
$6.98 Coats $3.98
$8.50 and $9.98 Coats $4.98
$11.98 Coats $5.98
$8.98 Mackinaws $4.98
$5.00, $3.50, $2.50 and $2 Hats for Girls 98c
$2.98 and $2.50 Hats for Boys $1.98
$5.00 and $4.00 Hats for Boys $2.98
All $1.50 Tams 98c
$2.98 Gingham Dresses $2.29
$3.98 and $3.50 Gingham Dresses $2.49
$4.50 Dresses $2.98
$5.00 Dresses $3.49
$1.25 Outing Bloomers 79c
$1.00 Cotton Drawers 69c

APRONS

$1.89 Outsize $1.49
$2.25 Elastic Belt $1.49
$1.50 Waitress' Aprons 89c
$2.00 Black Bungalow $1.29
75c and 89c Tea Aprons 49c
$1.00 and $1.25 Tea Aprons 69c
$1.00 Tea Aprons 89c

WOMEN'S SWEATERS

$6.98 Slip-Ons $3.98
$9.50 and $10.98 Slip-Ons $4.98
$12.00 Slip-Ons $5.98
$17.00 Coat Sweaters $8.98
$15.00 Coat Sweaters $6.98

MIDDIES

$3.25, $3.00 and $2.75 Women's and Children's Middies $1.98

WOMEN'S BATHROBES

$5.98 Bathrobes $3.98
$9.98, $7.50, $7.98, $8.50 Bathrobes $4.98
$8.98, $9.50, $9.98 Bathrobes $5.98

MEN'S BATHROBES

$6.98 Bathrobes $4.98
$10.98 Bathrobes $5.98

CHILDREN'S VOILE DRESSES

6 to 14 years.

$5.50 White Voiles $2.98
$6.50 and $7.50 White Voiles, now $3.98
$9.98 and $10 White Voiles $4.98
$10.98 Voile Dresses $5.98
$2.98, $3.50 Dresses, sizes 2 to 6, for $1.98
$4.50 White Dresses $2.49

READ

CHILDREN'S DEPT.

$11.98 Brushed Wool Sets, colors grey, khaki $5.98
$2.50 Brushed Wool Scarf Sets, now 49c
$4.50 Scarf Sets $1.33
$2.00 White or Navy Middy Skirts 98c
$1.15, 75c and 59c Chambray Bloomers 32c
$1.50 Overalls 89c
$1.89 and $2 Overalls $1.29
Boys' $4.25, $2.98, $3.50 Sweaters $1.98
$5.00 Sweaters $2.98
Girls' $5.50 Slip-on Sweaters now $2.98
Girls' $7.00 Coat Sweaters $3.98
$7.98 Coat Sweaters $4.49
Children's $2.98 Sweaters $1.98
$3.50 Sweaters $2.29
$3.98 and $4.50 Sweaters $2.49
Infants' $3.50 Sweaters $2.29
$3.48 and $4.50 Infants' Sweaters $2.49
$5.00 Sweaters $3.98
$5.00 Baby Buntings $3.98
$5.98 Baby Buntings $3.98
$2.98 R. K. Carriage Robes $1.89
$2.50 Carriage Robes $1.49
$2.98 Carriage Robes $1.98
$3.50 Carriage Robes $2.29
Infants' $1 Outing Gertrudes, now 69c
Infants' 75c Pinning Blankets now 49c

HOUSE DRESSES

$7.50 and $7 Dresses $4.98
$5.98 House Dresses $3.98
$4.50 and $3.98 Dresses $2.50
$2.98 House Dresses $2.19

EXTRA SPECIAL!

One Table House Dresses $1.50

PETTICOATS

$4.25 Flowered Flounces $1.98
$3.50 Cotton Tops, tan, blue $1.98
$5.98 Silk Flounce $4.98
$3.98 Silk Jerseys, assorted colors, now $2.49
$5.98 All Taffeta Silk Jerseys, now $4.98
$14.98 Black and Navy Silk Jerseys $8.98
$16.98 Radium Silk, black and blue, now $9.98
$8.50 Jersey Top, satin flounce now $5.98
$10.98 Satins $5.98
$2.00 Black Sateen Bloomers, now 98c
$3.75 Black Sateen Bloomers, now $2.49

SILK UMBRELLAS

Every Silk Sun and Rain Umbrella in our store Marked Down.

JANUARY MARK DOWN

Items From Our

MEN'S SHOP

READ

$5.00 Dress Shirts, white, now $3.98
$3.00 White Lawn Shirts $1.98
$3.00 Soisette Shirts, now $1.98
$3.00 Rep Shirts $1.98
$2.25 Lawn Shirts, now $1.49
$1.50 Madras Shirts, now $2.49
$2.98 and $2.50 Shirts with soft collars attached Madras, Cheviots, Silks and Fancy Satins $1.49
$1.25 and $1.00; now $2.49
$5.50 and $5.00; now $2.98
$8.50 and $8.00; now $3.98
All $3.00, $2.75, $2.50 and $2.25 Shirts $1.49
$8.50, $7.50 and $6.98 Fancy Shirts $3.98
$3.00 Silk and Linen Shirts (in white) $2.98

SWEATERS

$10.98 and $10 "Bradley" Pull-Overs $6.98
$11.50 Harvard Pull-Overs $6.98
$12.50 and $11.50 "Travelo" Worsted Wool Knit Sweaters, now $7.98
Boys' $7.98 and $6.98 Pull-Overs $3.98
Men's $4.25 Jerseys with Turtle Neck $2.98

WORK SHIRTS

$3.98 Wool Flannel Shirts $1.98
$3.00 Wool Flannel Shirts $2.49
$4.75 and $5.50 Wool Flannel Shirts $2.98
$6.00 and $3.75 Wool Flannel Shirts $3.00
$2.15 Double-Back Chambrays $1.49
$2.15 Black with Pencil Stripe $1.49
$1.75 and $1.50 Blue Chambrays $1.09
$1.00 Chambrays (not all sizes) 69c

UNION SUITS AND SEPARATE GARMENTS

$3.50 and $2.00 All Wool Shirts and Drawers (nur parmont) $1.49
$2.98 White Wool, per garment $1.49
$2.98 Contoocook-A Shirts and Drawers, per garment $1.63
$2.50 Contoocook-B, each 98c
$1.75 Derby Rib Shirts and Drawers, each 98c
$1.25 Chalmers Shirts and Drawers, each 79c
All $2.25 Union Suits $1.49

OUTING NIGHT SHIRTS PAJAMAS

$2.50 Outing Night Shirts, now $1.98
$3.50 Fruit of Loom Cotton Night Shirts $2.29
$2.00 Cotton Night Shirts, now $1.25
$4.50 Flannelette Pajamas $3.98
$3.98 Flannelette Pajamas, now $1.98
$4.98 Heavy Madras Pajamas $3.98
$3.98 Heavy Madras Pajamas $1.98

DRESS GLOVES

$6.00 and $4.00 Buckskins, now $2.98
$3.98 Dress Gloves, now $1.98
$8.50 Silk Lined Mochas $4.98
$7.50 Jersey Lined Mochas $3.98
$7.50 Fur Lined Gloves $3.98
$4.50 and $4.00 Lined Mochas, now $2.49
$5.00 Lined Mochas, now $2.98
$2.00 Wool Gloves $1.19
$1.25 Black Wool Gloves 69c
$1.50 "Fownes" Fabric Gloves 98c

MORE ITEMS
Continued in Next Column

READ

Men's Items

Continued.

WORK GLOVES and MITTENS

$4.00 Blk. Lined Horsehide $2.49
$4 Blk. Lamb's wool lined mittens, now $2.49
$3.50 Wool Lined Gloves $1.98
$2.75 Fownes' Wool Gloves $1.79
$2.00 Leather Guantlets 98c
$1.50 Wool Gloves and Mitts 89c
$1.15 Mittens 69c
$1.00 Leather and Wool Mittens, now 69c
60c Astrachan Mitts 49c
50c Cotton Mittens 29c

MEN'S SOCKS

$1.50 and $1 Black Wool Shaw-knits, grey heel and toe 49c
75c Shawknit Wool Cashmere, now 49c
39c Superfine socks, black, grey, cordovan 29c
39c Black Cotton 25c
35c Middlesex, black, tan and Bal, now 25c
75c Silk Plated 59c
$1.25 Thread Silk 69c
$1.39 Heavy Grey Wool, remarked to 69c
$1.15 Heavy Wool Socks 49c
Silk Garters 29c
Flexo Arm Bands 15c
Men's Hose, black only ..... 16c pr. 2 prs. for 25c
Contoocook Wool Hose, grey and heather 25c

WOMEN'S HOSIERY

Children's $2.85 Sport Hose, with colored tops $1.59
$3.50 and $3.75 Sport Hose $1.79
Infants' $1 Silk Hose 69c
$1 Silk and Wool, 6½ only 69c
Women's $3.50 and $4 Wool Sport Hose $2.03
$3.50 and $3.75 Silk and Wool Sport Hose $2.98
$1.50 Fibre Silk, black, brown, white, now 69c
$1.39 Black Thread Silk $1.00
$1.00 and 75c Fibre Silk, odd colors, now 49c
$2.25 Full Fashioned Silk and Fibre, now 98c
$1.69 Silk and Fibre 98c
$1.75 Full Fashioned Silk Lisle, now 98c
50c Lisle Hose, odd colors 25c

JERSEY SKIRTS

Assorted Colors.

$1.00 Skirts 59c
$2.50 Skirts $1.49
$2 and $1.75 Skirts 98c
75c Jersey Skirts 39c

KNIT UNDERWEAR

50c Medium Weight Vests and Pants 29c
$1.00 Low Neck Unions, size 5 only, now 69c
$1.25 Black Tights 59c
Women's $1.75 Unions 98c
$7.98 Silk Unions $3.98
$3.50 Silk Unions $4.98
$1.98 Silk Vests $2.98

READ

UNION SUITS

Women's $1.75 Seal Pax Athletic Unions 93c
$1.50 Beeline Unions 99c
$2.75 Harvard Mills Unions $2.00
$3.00 Harvard Mills Unions $2.25
$2.50, $3.25, $3.50 Fleeced Unions, now $2.75
Infants' 75c Heavy Cotton Wrappers 50c
Infants' $1.25 Medium Weight Merino $1.00
Infants' $1.75 Heavy Weight Mercerized and Merino Wrappers, now $1.25
Infants' $1.50 Merino Wrappers now $1.00
Infants' 50c Heavy Cotton Bands, now 39c

MUSLIN BLOOMERS

98c Bloomers 59c
$1.25 Bloomers 79c
$1.50 and $1.50 Bloomers 89c
$2.98 Bloomers $1.49

MUSLIN UNDERSKIRTS

$5.00, Re-Marked to $2.49
$3.98, Re-Marked to $2.29
$3.50, Re-Marked to $1.79
$2.98, Re-Marked to $1.59
$2.50 and $1.98 Re-Marked $1.29
$1.50, Re-Marked to 89c

MUSLIN CHEMISE

$3.98, Re-Marked to $1.98
$2.98 and $2.75 Re-Marked $1.59
$2.50 and $2.39 Re-Marked $1.49
$2.29 and $1.98, Re-Marked $1.29

MUSLIN GOWNS

Low Neck.

$1.59 and $1.15, Re-Marked 98c
$2.25 Gowns $1.49
$2.98 Gowns $2.09
$3.50 Gowns $1.98

MUSLIN GOWNS

High Neck.

$2.98 and $2.50 Gowns, Re-Marked to $1.49

PHILIPPINE Embroidered Chemise

$3.98, Re-Marked to $1.98
$5.98, Re-Marked to $3.98
$4.98 and $4.50, Re-Marked $3.49

PHILIPPINE Embroidered Gowns

$1.98, Re-Marked to $3.49
$3.98, Re-Marked to $2.98
$5.98 and $5.50, Re-Marked $3.98

CHEMISE Drummer's Samples

Specially priced at $3.50, $3.98, $4.50, $4.98, $5.50, $5.98, $6.50, $6.98 and $7.98.

READ

WAISTS

$22.50 and $19.50 Hand Made Blouses re-marked to $9.98
$15.00, $15.00, $13.50 Blouses, now $6.98
$12.00 Blouses $5.98
$7.98, $6.98, $5.98 Blouses $3.98

VOILE WAISTS

$10.00 and $8.98 French Voiles, now $6.98
$6.98 Blouses $3.98
$5.00 Blouses $2.49
$3.98 and $3.50 Blouses $1.98
$2.98 Blouses $1.19

FLANNELETTE NIGHTGOWNS

FOR WOMEN.

All $5.00, $3.98, $3.50, $2.98 Nightgowns, now $1.98

FLANNELETTE BLOOMERS

$1.75 Bloomers $1.00
$1.00 Bloomers 88c

FLANNELETTE PAJAMAS

Misses' 14, 16 and 18 yrs. $2.98, re-marked to $1.98

SILK UNDERWEAR

Bloomers of Wash Satin and Crepe de Chine

$5.49 Bloomers $2.98

NIGHTGOWNS

$7.50 and $6.98 Gowns $3.98
$8.98 Gowns $4.98
$12.50 and $10.98 Gowns $5.98

CAMISOLES

$1.98 Camisoles $1.00
$2.50 Camisoles $1.49
$3.50 and $2.98 Camisoles $1.89

SILK UNDERSKIRTS

$6.98 and $6.50 Skirts $3.48
$5.50 Skirts $2.98
$3.98 Skirts $1.98

CORSETS

$2.50 Corsets $1.39
$3.00 Corsets $1.49
$4.00 Corsets $1.98
$6.00 Corsets $2.49

COTTON DIAPER

5 Yards for 65c

MUSLIN CHEMISE

OUT SIZES.

$2.79 Chemise $1.69
$3.98 and $3.50 Chemise $1.69
$2.29 Chemise $1.49

NIGHTGOWNS

OUT SIZES.

$1.50 and $4.25 Out Size Night Gowns, now $2.98

Quick Service

Merchandise arranged on Counters and Tables with Former Prices, and January Mark Down Prices in Plain Figures.

FOYE'S

Rules of Sale

No Goods Laid Aside.
No C. O. D., Telephone or Mail Orders, or Charges. All Sales Final!

STORE CLOSED WEDNESDAY ALL DAY TO REPRICE ALL MERCHANDISE

IRISH QUESTION ABLY PRESENTED TO A BIG AUDIENCE

Mr. Jeremiah O'Leary of New York set forth the Irish question in a brilliant and convincing manner before a large and representative gathering of people at Freeman's hall on Monday evening. He drew a parallel between the fight of the people of this country in 1775 and that of the Irish people in 1920 in their fight for freedom. He presented and analized the aid given this country by Ireland during the revolution, quoting from the works of Benjamin Franklin and from American and English history, and at all times sticking to his text.

The meeting was called to order by John Leary, who presided and he introduced Mayor F. W. Hartford who made a brief address in which he spoke of the right of every nation to demand its own freedom.

Mr. O'Leary compared the visit of Benjamin Franklin in 1769 to Ireland, where he went to feel the pulse of the Irish people as to their support of the American colonies, to that of De Valera's visit to this country during the past year. He said he was now back in Ireland. He mentioned the fact that Mr. DeValera, some two or three months ago stated that he would return to Ireland the first of the year and he was surprised when the newspapers did not recall it, when he disappeared some weeks ago.

Referring to Benjamin Franklin's visit to Ireland in 1769 he read from Franklin's own works that he "found Ireland very friendly to the colonies"

He maintained that Franklin was received in a friendly manner and that it was this support that he was given by the people of Ireland, who at that time were a nation of 8,000,000 and at the peak of her power, which caused Franklin on his return to give such encouragement to the patriots.

He read and analized the message to Ireland sent by the Continental Congress in July 1775 addressed to the "virtuous and humaine" and setting forth that it was their hope to convince them of the real motives and the reasons for their fight for their liberty. This was due to the fact that England's "Lie Factories" were working overtime then as they are now, and it was the desire of the American leaders, Washington, the Adams', Otis and others to have the people of Ireland know the real truth.

He spoke of the Irishmen who took part in the American revolution and of the party they played, speaking of Commodore Jack Barry, Montgomery, General Stark, Gen. John Sullivan and others of Irish extraction. It was the English, he claimed who were responsible for the statement that "half the rebel army in America were made up for the war when England had lost the colonies and in the desire of the Ministry to find some goat for the loss of the war, they instituted the investigations. Although Edmund Burke in his wonderful American conciliation speech had made it very plain why they had lost the colonies. He quoted from these investigations the testimony of Sir Henry Robinson who was one of the commanding officers, in the English army here, who said that Gen. Lee the American commander and informed him that half of the rebel army was from Ireland. It was no desire on the part of England to give Ireland any such credit, but was to discredit her in the eyes of the British as the cause of the loss of the rich American colonies, and enable her to begin her cruel oppression of that country with the hopes of denationalizing it.

Quoting again from American history he read the message sent to Ireland on Oct. 4, 1778 by Congress through Benjamin Franklin in which Congress sought to give Ireland their thanks and also to pledge them support should they be oppressed and seek to gain their liberty. This pledge Mr. O'Leary said still remained unpaid.

He spoke of the effort of England today to make the Irish question a religious question, hoping that it would start a religious controversy which would divide the country. It was not a religious question when protestant America, appealed to Catholic Ireland back during the revolution and it was no more a religious question today when Ireland irrespective of creed appealed to America. He showed conclusively that it was not a religious question, the protestants of Ireland were just as much part of the movement as the Catholics and that at no time was religion interjected except where it was done by the British.

It was just as proper said Mr. O'Leary for DeValera to come to this country and seek to arouse sentiment in favor of the Irish freedom as it was for Franklin to go to Ireland in 1769 and 1778" He said that if he were to make an appeal to the people of the United States he would have the Irish republican congress send the identical words back to the United States that the Continental Congress made to Ireland in 1775.

There was nothing radical about Mr. O'Leary at any time, in speaking on the situation in Ireland of today he simply quoted the report of the Irish Labor Commission made last week to the people of England, but he did work himself up somewhat when he referred to the fact that American ships with American passengers and American cargoes, were turned away from Queenstown and forbidden to land. He said that if we had a President who was worthy of being called an American he would tell England, that American ships shall enter Irish port or English ships shall be barred from American ports.

Coming to the object of his visit the organization of a local branch of the American Association for the recognition of Ireland, he said that this association was formed at the suggestion of DeValera, who after his tour of the entire country, was convinced that the old society of Friends of Irish Freedom was too limited and it was his idea that an association with a broader scope should be formed to take in not only the men and women of Irish descent but all those who were favorable to the Irish cause. He asked the local people to fall in line with the new association and for the local council of Friends of Irish Freedom to change over to the new and broader organization.

During the evening there were songs by Daniel O'Leary of this city and Mr. Emmet O'Poole of Ireland who is traveling with Mr. O'Leary.

WHY HAVE CATARRH?

So Disagreeable to Yourself and All About You.

Catarrh is generally conceded to be a constitutional disease. Therefore it requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla which reaches every part of the system by thoroughly purifying and enriching the blood. This medicine removes the cause of the trouble, which if not checked may lead to more serious disease.

In 45 years of use and test Hood's Sarsaparilla has relieved many cases as told by voluntary letters of commendation. Why not get a bottle today and give it a trial? It combines economy and efficiency. Keep Hood's Pills on hand as a family cathartic.

$100 $100

LATE MODELS

DODGE BROS.' TOURING CARS

Balance can be paid in small monthly payments.

Hobbs-Sterling Co.

Tel. 350.

$100 $100

Corset Parlor at

No. 1 Islington St., Cor. Bridge St. is Featuring

Skinner's Satin Corsets at $5.75

"Teckla" Under Things made of finest Nainsook, but very reasonable in price. Beautiful Gifts for the most fastidious, at this Holiday Season.

Mrs. E. M. Ross

Registered Corsetiere
Telephone 1151-W.

GRAFFORT CLUB NOTES

In its program for Wednesday afternoon, January 5, the Graffort Club offers to the public an opportunity to listen to the well-known reader, Jean Fowler. Miss Fowler has a national reputation in her chosen line, and in her presentation of the "Turmoil" from Booth Tarkington she will surely please a discriminating audience.

The afternoon's entertainment will take place in the North Church Chapel at 3.30; admission for those not members will be 35 cents. h 21 j3

ATTENTION

United Spanish War Veterans

Regular meeting of U. S. Schley Camp, No. 4, U. S. W. V. Tuesday evening Jan. 4 in G. A. R. hall. Installation of officers, and refreshments. A full attendance desired.

By order of
JOHN H. CLIFFORD, Com.
HARRY W. FOSTER, Adjt.
h 21 j3

Herald Ads. Bring Results.

OWE CAPTURE TO CURIOSITY

Simple Process by Which Natives Make Prisoners of Active Denizens of the Jungle.

The native method of capturing the howling monkeys of South America is by placing some sugar inside a nut shell which is very large and at the same time has a small opening left in one end when the meat is removed. These hunters watch the trees, and after spying one or more monkeys select a time when the little creatures are watching them and put the nut shells on the ground. Then they walk away, and are scarcely hidden when the monkeys cautiously descend from the trees and begin to examine the shells. Curiosity and the lump of sugar inside prompt them to slip their hands into the openings, and after grasping the sugar they endeavor to remove their hands, but while doubled up they are too large to come out. Of course, the monkeys could release the sugar and withdraw their hands easily, yet their inquisitive nature and love of sugar are so strongly developed that they refuse to do so. The hunters are peering through the undergrowth, and just as the animals get their hands into the shells they leap out and give chase to them, knowing that as long as their curiosity has not been satisfied they will cling to the lump of sugar. These howling monkeys are clumsy enough on a level surface, but when one hand is incased in a big shell glove as large as a coconut, it is a comical sight to see these active creatures trying to climb a tree. As a result, they are soon captured by the hunters and placed in large sacks to await the next visit of a purchasing agent for some menagerie. This inquisitive nature of the monkey tribe was well known by the ancients, one of the old fables describing how a monkey endeavored to secure a handful of some delicacy from a narrow-necked jar and then withdraw its hand while holding it.

THINKING IN STRAIGHT LINES

That Is Simple Formula That Comprises the Whole Secret of Thinking Successfully.

"A straight line is the shortest distance between two points." Every high-school boy learns to repeat this axiom. If more of them learned to think it we would have a greater supply of executive ability. For in these short ten words, embodied in every geometry book, is concealed the big secret of success that most of us spend all our lives trying to find.

Thinking in straight lines is the secret to thinking successfully. After the plan is made the execution is easy. So in planning department systems or in passing judgment upon systems that others have planned the first and big step is to apply to every move that we make the philosophy that is involved in this often-repeated and often-forgotten axiom.

Let me call attention first to the fact that this axiom presupposes two points: Before you can draw your straight line you must know definitely and accurately where these two points are. You must know your starting point and the objective that you wish to reach. Many people attempt to draw their paths of progress without knowing definitely from where they start or to where they want to go. That is why so many personal and business progress lines are zigzag spirals and labyrinths that do not get anywhere.—John Yun Decenter, in Industrial Management.

A Poet and Port.

W. H. Mallock, in a new book of memoirs, tells of a certain occasion when, being with Swinburne at a friend's house, Swinburne drank port wine, became talkative and told how he came to write three poems, of which he was proud. In Mallock's words: "Then, like a man waking up from a dream, Swinburne turned to our host, and said nervously, 'Can you give me another glass of port?' His glass was filled, he emptied it at a single draught, and then lay back in his chair like a child who had gone to sleep, the actual fact being, as his host soon recognized, he was drunk. . . . He was not, I think, intemperate in the sense that he drank too much. A very little intoxicated him."

"The Colonel."

The reverence of the late Czar Nicholas for the memory of his father manifested itself occasionally in strange ways. For instance, he, the supreme chief of the Russian army, never consented to assume a higher rank in the army than that of colonel, to which he had attained under the preceding reign. This touching but somewhat puerile act of filial piety did not help his prestige in military circles, where he came to be referred to always as "the colonel," a sobriquet which in the end savored of mockery and certain disdain.—London Opinion.

"Single-Speech Hamilton."

Now that women have come into their own in politics, we cannot but wonder if we will ever have a woman orator who can equal the record of one William Gerard Hamilton, chancellor of the exchequer in Ireland in 1775.

We are told that he received the sobriquet of "Single-Speech Hamilton," because he delivered on the 13th of November, 1775, a speech which electrified the house, but after that memorable first effort he never spoke again, or rather, we should say, he never "speeched" again.—E. R. R.

MAN "THE CHEAPEST ANIMAL"

In West China He Is the Universal Bearer of Burdens, for Simplest of All Reasons.

Not a wheeled vehicle is seen in all west China except the wheelbarrow, near Chengtu. Thousands of tons of commerce pass over these highways annually, all on the backs of men; and as we approach the centers of population we find the sewage and the water of the city are on their backs also.

The "Back of Man" is the unwritten epic of this land; for, Atlas-like, it bears the world upon it. The coal and other minerals from the mountains; the cities, with their walls and towers and all that they contain; the wood on the hills and the grain of the plain—all, together with the pigs on the way to market and the men who can afford it—all have ridden or ride upon the back of man.

The reason is not far to seek. It is purely economic. Man is the most efficient machine and the cheapest animal, and so it comes to pass that he is the universal animal, the omnibus of commerce and the pack mule of the race.

It is cheaper to wear men down than keep roads up. When he falls, few care and still fewer pity, for others are eager to fill his place. Should we offer to take the burden from his shoulder, he would regard it as taking the rice from his bowl.—Dr. Joseph Beech in the National Geographic Magazine.

TELL OF LENGTH OF LIFE

Age Secrets of Animals, Trees, Plants and Even Birds, Easily Penetrated by the Initiated.

As most people are aware, it is possible to tell the age of a horse by examining its teeth, remarks a writer in London Answers.

The age of a sheep may be known in a similar manner—that is, by its teeth. The number of years a cow has lived is found by a different method. The horns are examined, and the number of rings on these horns tells almost exactly the age of the cow.

Just as the horns indicate the age of the cow, so the development of the antlers helps to calculate the age of animals belonging to the deer family, and the length of life of other horned animals is arrived at in the same way.

The age of many birds can be discovered by examining the spurs.

Trees often live to a very great age, and while they are standing it is a difficult matter to arrive at the age of these; but when they have been cut down the age of the tree may be reckoned by counting the number of rings visible in the section.

It is a comparatively easy matter to learn the age of growing mistletoe, as each shoot sends off two new shoots each year, and by counting the joints from the root to the tip of any branch the number of years the mistletoe has lived may be computed.

Where Some Names Originated.

Christenings in the scientific world sometimes lead to curious results. New species of plants and animals are usually given a form of the name of the discoverer, and the fuchsia, for instance, hides quite prettily in its anglicised pronunciation the fact that it was christened after a gentleman of the name of Fuchs. The naturalist who named the family of Crustacea followed an original plan, having many names to bestow. His wife's name was Caroline. He took the letters of that name, put them in a hat and drew them out again in every combination that would yield a pronounceable name for the shrimps and their cousins. Another naturalist reversed the process. He had a boundless admiration for the sea worms, on which Greek names had been bestowed, and he had also seven daughters. So each daughter, as she arrived was christened after one of the worms.—Chicago Journal.

Hot Springs Did National Park.

Many Americans are not aware that Hot Springs is a government reservation. As a matter of fact it is the oldest of the great system of national parks, monuments, reservations and forests which the American people now own. Hot Springs was made a reservation by the government in 1832 in order that the healing properties of the waters might be accessible to all and not exploited by capital. Unfortunately the reservation was made only large enough to take in the springs themselves and the town crowds all about them, when they should be in the center of a great park. There is a free bathhouse, maintained by the government, and other more elaborate ones operated for profit by concessionaires.

Born "Dunce" Made Good.

Robert Clive started life with the sobriquet of "born dunce." His teachers pronounced him "impossible" and requested his parents to remove him from school. At thirty-two he could barely read or write. Yet Clive boasted that some day he would "show everybody." He left home in rags and joined the army. During a critical engagement, and while severely wounded, he was called upon to command 3,000 men. Untrained and ridiculed by them, he nevertheless forced those men forward by sheer grit, and succeeded in defeating 5,000 men at Plassey, thereby laying the foundation of the British empire in India. England erected a statue to his memory in Trafalgar square.

NOT MUCH EVIDENCE OF HARD TIMES

There was not much evidence of hard times about this city at the Colonial theatre on Monday evening, when the house was practically sold out for the highest priced show that has been seen here. When people pay $2.75 for a seat to the theatre it belies the belief that hard times are rampant.

ANNOUNCEMENT

This will inform my patrons that after the first day of January, 1921, the business conducted by me at No. 200 Market Street, will be run under the firm name of George A. Trafton & Son. I wish to thank you for the patronage you have extended to me in the past, and I trust that the service rendered by me has been of such a nature as to warrant its continuance—the name of the firm is changed but the high standard of work produced in the past will be maintained in the future.

h 1w j3 GEORGE A. TRAFTON.

NO CRIME PICTURES FOR NEW YORK

(By Associated Press)

New York, Jan. 4.—Motion-picture criminals at work have been forbidden. The chief of police announced today that he had issued order to censor not to issue permits for any photo play that showed a crime committed, even though the end of the picture might show the criminal in a prison cell.

RYE

An invitation is extended to Rye and No. Hampton people to attend a Whist Party and Dance at Rye Town Hall, Wednesday evening Jan. 5. Admission 35c. Young & Berry. h 21 j1

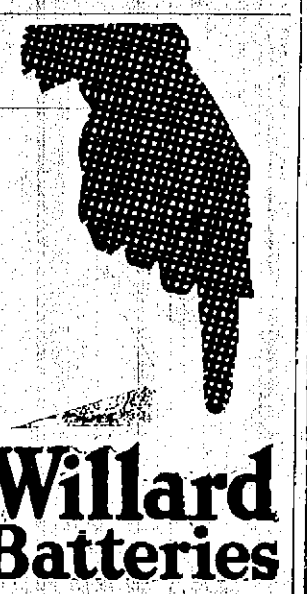
COUGHS AND COLDS

often tenacious, are a drain upon the vital forces.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

strengthens the whole system and helps drive out the predisposing cause.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N.J. 26-21



Willard Batteries

at a New Price Level

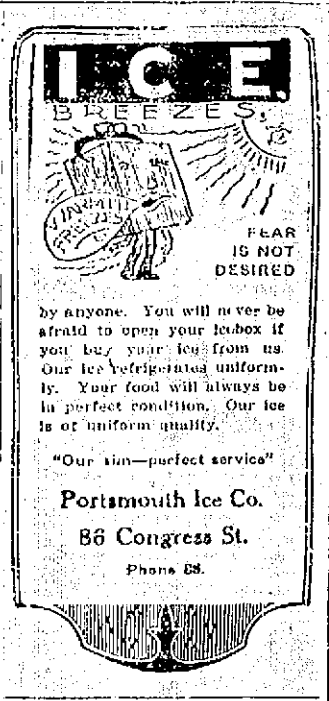
Effective with the publication of this announcement, Willard Batteries will be sold on a new and materially lower price level.

The same *Willard quality*—backed by the same authorized *Willard Service*.

James L. Welch

51 Bow St., Portsmouth

Tel. 1502



by anyone. You will never be afraid to open your icebox if you buy your ice from us. Our ice refrigerates uniformly. Your food will always be in perfect condition. Our ice is of uniform quality.

"Our aim—perfect service"

Portsmouth Ice Co.

86 Congress St.

Phone 68.

Real Estate For Sale

Off Pleasant St., Six-Room House in first class condition; heat, light, gas, hardwood floors, etc. Price, $4500.

Harry I. Caswell

Agency, 9 Congress St.

By Expert Workmen.

All Kinds of General Machinist Work

Generator and Electrical Work.

George L. Buckley

61 Bow St., Portsmouth

Tel. 839-R.

We Are Not Too Big for the Small Job Nor Too Small for the Big Job.

Satisfaction guaranteed on Automobile Repairs and Marine Engine Work.

General Machine Work

And Acetylene Welding Our Specialty.

Scored cylinders refinished as good as new, using same pistons. Work called for and delivered free of charge.

BRACKETT'S

Garage and Machine Co.

Formerly Symington's Machine Works.

ROCK ST. Tel. 332-M

PORTSMOUTH SCHOOL OF MUSIC

Elizabeth Pattee Wallach

Teacher of PIANO AND VOICE

Thelma Olms

Teacher of VIOLIN

Miss Olms may be engaged for special church services and concerts. Graduate of the American Conservatory of Music, Chicago.

Phone 247-J.

G. BERTRAND WHITMAN, Director

J. VERNE WOOD

Funeral Director

7 Islington Street. Tel. 281-

MOTOR EQUIPMENT
LADY ASSISTANT
BUCKMINSTER FUNERAL CHAPEL.

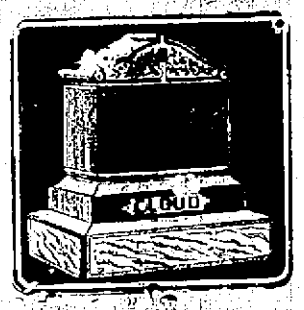
Wheeler & Borworth

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

No Job too great or too small.

Also General Draughting

572 Central Ave. Dover, N. H.



You can save money by purchasing direct of the manufacturer. We manufacture our monuments at our own plant, which is equipped with all the latest labor saving machinery and operated by electric power—the only plant so equipped in this section. Call and see the large stock of finished monuments which we carry.

FRED C. SMALLEY

CORNER STATE & WATER STS.

Also Dover, N. H. Opp. City Hall

Real Estate Insurance Bonds

General Agent
CARY SAFE CO.
WEHRLE SAFE CO.

PLEASE CALL

E. P. STODDARD

30 High Street

National Hotel Block. Phone 204J.

SKATES SLEDS

SKIS, SNOW SHOES,
ELECTRICAL SETS,
CARVING SETS, POCKET KNIVES,
TOOL SETS, FLASH LIGHTS,
THERMOS BOTTLES,
LUNCH KITS,
BULBS FOR XMAS TREES,
RAZORS, RAZOR BLADES,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
TOY MOTORS,
BOY SCOUT AXES.

WALTER S. JACKSON

111 Market St.

FURS

Old Furs made into coats, neckwear and muffs in the latest styles.

Custom made Cloth Coats and Skirts a Specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Mrs. Mildred Armstrong Call

535 Islington St.

Tel. 1278-12.

Business Hours: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., excepting Saturday p.m. and Holidays.

Formerly with T. Parisean, Manchester

Big Clearance Sale of Dress Goods

All dress materials to be sold at cost. Do not miss this opportunity. Come in and buy your dress goods at wholesale prices. Also a full line of Art Goods and Embroidery Patterns. Have your goods stamped to order.

The Quality Shop

38 Market St.

Over Dennett & McCarthy's.

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY

Wet Wash—Flat Work

PIKE & SOMERBY

Tel. 373. Commercial Wharf

Shaw's Grafonola Shoppe

Formerly

Singer Sewing Machine Co.

Carries a Complete Line of Sewing Machine Supplies.

Needles for All Makes Machines.

22 Congress St.

DO YOU NEED WATER?

Write or Phone

Artesian Well Co. of N. H.

DOVER, N. H.

Merchants Nat. Bldg. Phone 7[illegible]

"STRONG AS OX" AFTER GLAND TREATMENT

Says Animal Gland Tablets Worked Wonders

The other day a man walked into a downtown drug store and said that after feeling all run-down and tired-out for months he now felt "as strong as an ox" after taking Glandex Compound, the famous animal gland and iron tonic. And he is only one of thousands who seem to have found the secret of renewed health and strength in this new treatment.

Glandex Compound works on the same principle as the famous monkey gland experiments. It feeds our run-down glands which are said to be the cause of most run-down conditions.

The reason so many of us grow old at forty and the reason men and women become anaemic and run-down is because these little glands, which supply a secretion vital to the building up of the billions of cells in our muscles and nerves, become unable to do their work. So what could be more natural than to go to Ifa itself and use extracts from the glands of healthy young animals to supply the substance needed.

Glandex Compound contains extracts from sheep and cattle glands combined with iron and is guaranteed to produce results that are entirely satisfactory in a very few days or the money will be refunded. Glandex Compound is for sale by druggists. The Glandex Company, Inc., 244 West 29th St., New York City.

GLANDEX COMPOUND
NEW GLAND TONIC FOR RUN-DOWN PEOPLE

For sale by Benjamin Green, Philbrick's Pharmacy, 61 Congress St.; and B. Coleman Conners & Valentine Sts.; and by good druggists everywhere.

Official Time Table
Portsmouth, Dover & York Street Railway.

In Effect November 16, 1920.

PORTSMOUTH

For Eliot, Dover and South Berwick 6:55 a. m. and every hour until 9:55 p. m. Sunday first trip 7:55 a. m.

For Kittery and Kittery Point, 6:26 a. m. and every half hour until 10:56 p. m. Sunday first trip 7:56 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor and York Beach via Rosemary, 6:55 a.m. and every two hours until 4:55 p. m. Sunday first trip 8:55 a. m.

YORK BEACH

For York Village, Eliot, Dover, South Berwick and Portsmouth via Rosemary 7:30, 8:30 a. m. then every two hours until 6:30 p. m. Sunday first trip 8:30 a. m.

KITTERY

Leave Sea Point for Portsmouth *5:35, 6:00 a. m. and every half hour until 10:30 p. m. Sunday first trip 7:30 a. m.
*From car barn only

ELIOT

Leave Rosemary Junction for Portsmouth and Kittery 5:50 a. m. 6:30 a. m. and every hour until 10:30 p. m. Sunday first trip 8:30 a. m.

DOVER

For Portsmouth, Eliot and Kittery 6:05 a. m. and every hour until 10:05 p. m. Sunday first trip 8:05 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor and York Beach, 6:05, 7:05 a. m. and every two hours until 5:05 p. m. Sunday first trip 9:05 a. m.

For South Berwick, 6:30 a. m. and every hour until 10:30 p. m. Sunday first trip 8:30 a. m.

After 5:30 p. m. trip runs only as far as Butter St. 10.30 p. m. trip runs only as far as have passengers.

SOUTH BERWICK

For Dover, Eliot, Portsmouth and Kittery 6:00 a. m. and every hour until 10:00 p. m. Sunday first trip 8:00 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor and York Beach 6:00, 7:00 a. m. and every two hours until 5:00 p. m. Sunday first trip 9:00 a. m.

W. S. MELVIN, General Manager.

Have that broken cylinder, crank case, transmission case, axle, housing, etc., made whole and equal to new by our Oxygen-Acetylene Welding and save the difference between our low cost and that of a new part. Our welding is the work of skilled experts using the finest equipment—it is approved by the highest grade engineering experts. Reasonable charges and prompt service.

G. A. Trafton & Son
200 Market St., Portsmouth
HORSESHOEING AND JOBBING.

BUY IT FROM THE NAVY

SALE BY THE NAVY DEPARTMENT OF CONDEMNED MATERIAL ON JANUARY 13, 1921

There will be sold by sealed proposals to be opened at 11.00 a.m. on January 13, 1921 at the Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, Navy Yard, Boston, Mass., the following Condemned Material:—Punch, portable; Light Galv. Scrap; Misc. Electrical Material; Steam Launch Engines; Paint Drums; Plastic, Marine Cement; Toolith Cement; Clothes Washers; Misc. Hand Tools; Fire Extinguishers; Water Breakers; Primary Batteries; Spars & Oars; Small Boats, various types; Waste Paper; Scrap Upholstering Leather; Old Ponchos; Canvas Bags; Pants & Jumpers, windproof; Camp Chairs & Stools; Filing Cabinet; Oil Stove; Side Board; Refrigerators; Confidential Locker; Mess Benches; Canteens; Gas Engine Mufflers; Steel Safe; Hand Cart Wheels; Starting Compensator; Motor Generator Set; Electric Generator & Marine Engine; Gas Engine Generator Units; Steam Engine; Hoist Pneumatic; 15 K. W. Generator. This material is located at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., and can be seen previous to the sale upon application to the office of the Supply Officer, Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H. Catalogue of Sale and further information may be obtained at the office of the Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, Building 149, Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.

JOSEPHUS DANIELS,
Secretary of the Navy.

TYPICAL OF LAND

Impression Recorded After Visit to Persian Throne Room.

Unparalleled Riches Stored in Apartment Close to Scene of Want, Misery, and Famine.

In Teheran, Persia, is a lofty room about the size of one of the smaller European cathedrals, which contains more heaped-up riches than any equal area in the world. It is the throne room of Persia, a sealed place, open only rarely to a favored few.

Opening from the grand staircase of the shah's palace, the room looks on a beautiful court, ravished with the sweet confusion of voices of myriads of birds and the splash of fountains, redolent of soft, languorous odors.

Just a block or two away is a street of misery, of poverty and sometimes famine. Yet in the shah's courtyard, the palace or the throne room, there could be no remembrance of want; the senses are benumbed with the profusion of wealth.

The ceiling is faced with prisms of cut glass and from it hang half a dozen magnificent chandeliers, blazing with lusters and touched with various colors. On the floor are more than 50 rugs—I counted them—some of them hundreds of years old. There was one little thing that one could have carried in one's hands, a rug with a tree rising from its base; looking at that I could really almost sympathize with the Persian's flair for brigandage. And between wall and wall are tables, priceless tables and chairs, china and clocks, and articles of every description. There was a great round silver tureen set in amethysts, which the Grand Duke Michael had given the late shah. On a stand were two huge gold samovars, gifts from Great Britain, and between them an ugly gold bowl, given by the kaiser. There were great elephant thrones, or howdahs, long tusks of ivory, vases from China, as tall as a man, carved works from Japan, embroideries and laces—all the crowded riches that imagination can conceive. And here and there amid the glory some cheap grotesque thing that looks as if it came out of a five-and-ten-cent store—a cheap vase, an ugly crockery figure, a knot of dusty artificial flowers.

But from the doorway what halts the eye, what is the climax of the place, is the peacock throne. It stands at the head of the room, a striking object even seen at a distance and in perspective. It is about the size and shape of a French bed, a structure with a floor, six broad legs, a headboard, sides, and, at the foot three mounting steps.

It is covered with thick gold foil enameled in deep blue and greens. The headboard is a glory of color. At the top is a huge sunburst of diamonds, and underneath three emeralds, each about the size of a checker board square. At the two ends of the headpiece are two jeweled peacocks. Wherever one looks on the surface of this throne are to be seen jewels—diamonds and emeralds, pearls and sapphires, turquoises and rubies—set in with lavish profusion. At one side of the throne stands a chair on which the shah is crowned, a chair heavy with gold foil and set with delicate and lovely pearls, graduated in all sizes.

But the gold foil of the chair is fastened on with common tacks! And the pearls are carelessly graduated. And on the throne the precious stones are side by side with semi-precious stones. An emerald may be check by jowl with the cheapest sort of flawed ruby. And even the best of the stones are badly cut, absurdly cut.

Symbolic the whole thing seemed to me, of the state of Persia—the glory and lawlessness, lavishness and waste, riches and poverty.—Maude Radford Warren in Saturday Evening Post.

Device Proved Its Worth.

In the latter part of September so thick a fog settled upon New York harbor that while it lasted, which was several days, the shipping of the port was completely paralyzed. The delay, however, afforded a good chance to test the new electrical pilot cable that, extending 14 miles from Ambrose Channel lighthouse to the Narrows, is designed to guide vessels in thick weather. One steamship, equipped with the "listening" device that is complementary to the cable, went confidently up the harbor, as sure of her course as a blind man who slides his hand along a familiar railing. It will probably be only a short time before all harbors have a similar cable and all vessels are equipped to use it.—Youth's Companion.

Houses His Apprentices.

Reviving, for new reasons, the ancient system that gave the shop apprentice a home with his employer, a large eastern machinery manufacturer has established 27 apprentice employees in a homelike two-story house. Sleeping rooms accommodate one, two or three occupants; shower baths, laundry and a housekeeper are provided, and the living room contains all reasonable comforts. The plan is expected to promote "shop talk" and increase the ambition of young workers.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

The Marching Multitude.

"I understand that footwear is going to be less expensive."

"I'm glad of that," commented Senator Sorghum. "There is going to be a record-breaking crowd of people wearing out shoe leather in the next inaugural procession."

SOMETHING IN YOUR EYE?

There Are a Few Simple Rules for the Removing of Irritating Particles.

Though many people have become expert in the art of removing irritating particles from the eyes of others, a few words on this subject will not be out of place. In removing a foreign particle from the eye, ask the patient to look down, and then take hold of the eyelash with thumb and forefinger of the left hand and pull the eyelid downward and slightly away from the eyeball. Next event, or turn back the eyelid by placing midway between the eyelashes and eyebrow the tip of the thumb of the right hand and make the same movement that would be required to turn back the edge of a coat sleeve.

If the particle is located on the inside of the upper lid it may be removed with a clean handkerchief or a piece of clean cotton gauze on the end of a toothpick or match. If the irritating substance is not on the upper lid try to find it in the same manner on the lower lid and remove it in the same way. When the particle is imbedded in the cornea, or covering of the eyeball, it is best to consult a physician or eye specialist. After removing the particle from the eye it is advisable to irrigate the delicate membrane with boric acid.

Under no circumstances should anyone touch the eye with a handkerchief or other agent that has been moistened with saliva or with the tip of the tongue.

In treating the eyes with some kind of liquid medicine one should take care never to invert the dropper after the solution has been drawn into the rubber end downward and the fluid permitted to run into the rubber and then back into the glass as the solution will very likely contain particles of powder that have washed off the rubber bulb, and these may irritate the eyes. Always hold up the rubber end of the dropper. The fluid should never be dropped directly on the eyeball unless the physician has so advised. The proper practice is to draw down the lower lid and place the drops on the exposed inner surface of the lid. One or two drops are always sufficient and it is only waste to use more.—Floyd W. Parsons in the Saturday Evening Post.

BARK ON TREES NOT WOOD

It Is Composed of Three Layers of Tissues, Each of Which Has Important Function.

Bark on trees and shrubs corresponds with skin on animals. But it has other uses which the skin hasn't. Bark isn't wood, and it isn't formed as wood is formed. It covers the wood, and it is generally an easy matter to separate the bark from the wood. Hemp and jute and flax are all bark—the outside covering of certain vegetable growths.

Bark is composed of three layers of tissues. The inside layer conducts food to the plant, and under a magnifying glass is seen to be made up of tiny fibers. Then there is the "green zone," as it is called, and this also is fibrous, and helps feed the plant. The outside layer is cork, and is really dead. That is, these cork cells develop and die immediately, so one really sees only a dead tree when he looks at the bark. The cork of commerce is the bark of a certain kind of tropical tree, but the outer layer of bark of all trees is technically known as cork, and the little cells going to make it up are called cork.

Soon Tired of Life.

A Lawrence (Kan.) young man, who craved the life of a fireman, applied for a position at the department and was told to report for duty at seven o'clock Thursday morning. Shortly after seven a practice drill was staged with all the thrills of a real alarm, with the new recruit an interested spectator. After the drill the chief brought in an application for insurance for the new fireman and asked him who should be notified in case he was the victim of an accident. The recruit said there would be no accidents so far as he was concerned, and thereupon tendered his resignation, having been a fireman for a period of 40 minutes.

Riches of the Indian Tribes.

In connection with the practical reservation industries maintained by the government there are conducted twelve demonstration and three experimentation farms, and nearly 400 farmers, stockmen and assistants are employed and live near Indian communities for giving instruction and counsel. Under authority of the law the service handles large sums annually in loans to Indians as initial capital for beginning their self-support and looks after the later liquidation of these loans. The value of all individual and tribal property, if recent mineral returns are included, is approximately $1,000,000,000.

Long Sitter.

"There is one thing which that young lawyer fellow of Ella's ought to be proficient in when he comes to practice."

"What is that?"

"The art of securing a stay."—Baltimore American.

Stocking His Cellar.

Dryden—Are you trying to corner the thermometer market? I see you've bought 100 gross of them.

Wetmore—Sh! They're spirit thermometers. Every one is filled with 9 per cent alcohol.

TESTS MEAT FOR SWEETNESS

Olfactory Nerves of the "Ham Sneller" Must Be Always at Their Keenest.

To the long list of unusual occupations by which men live, there must be added that of the "ham sneller" in a packing house. His duty is to inspect meat products and judge of their soundness.

The ham sneller's only tools are a long steel trier and his nose. He stands in a barrel to keep his clothes from being soiled by the dripping brine, and the hams are brought to him by workmen. A ham is laid before him, and he plunges his sharp-pointed trier into it, withdraws it and passes it swiftly beneath his nose. The trier always goes down to the knuckle joint.

In testing meat in that manner the nose with the trier judges by the slightest shade of difference between the smell of one piece of meat and another. The smell of the meat is almost universally sweet, and that is what he smells; the slightest taint or deviation from the sweet smell is therefore appreciable. It is not the degree of taint that he expects to find, but the slightest odor that is not sweet.

When he detects an odor he throws the meat aside, and if it is not unwholesome, it is sold as "rejected" meat, but if it is tainted it goes to the rendering tank. The ham tester smells meat from 7 o'clock in the morning until 6 at night, and his sense must never become jaded or inexact, or his usefulness would be at an end.

Ham testing is not a pursuit dangerous to the health, as tea testing is supposed to be, but the ham sneller with a cold in his head is for the time being like a piano player who has lost his arms in a railway wreck.

HAS MANY IMPORTED TREES

No Other Country in the World Said to Possess Such a Variety as Does England.

The Portuguese boast of their forest at Busaco, where there are over two hundred kinds of imported trees in full and gigantic growth. But there is no other country in the whole world where so many varieties of imported trees flourish as in the British Isles, and Kew has specimens of nearly all of them. Not only original, or, rather, natural varieties are to be seen at Kew, but others which owe their being to the cupping of man. The latter are graft-hybrids of extraordinary interest. In the year 1826 a French gardener grafted a purple-flowered cytisus on a laburnum stock. A branch developed, which produced flowers intermediate between the stock and the scion. You can see a specimen of this hybrid among the laburnums. It bears not only the hybrid flowers but also flowers and leaves characteristic of both its parents. The Laburnum Adami is its name. In another case a union between the common thorn and the medlar has produced a similar strange result. Three separate types of branch, flower, and fruit are to be seen on the same bush. — Montreal Herald.

Rifled Oil Pipes.

The principle of the rifled gun is applied to pipes for pumping oil. The crude oil of California is mostly thick, viscous and difficult to pump through long lines. Heating cannot be successfully applied to a long pipe, and mixing with water results in an emulsion from which the oil cannot be readily separated. The best means of dealing with these viscous oils is by means of a pipe rifled on the inside, so that the oil, mixed with about 10 per cent of water, is caused to whirl rapidly. The water, being heavier than the oil, seeks the outside and forms a thin film, which lubricates the pipe for the passage of the oil. The friction is thus so far reduced that the oil has been pumped easily through a line thirty-one miles long. The water and the oil come out entirely separate at the end of the line.

Why He Liked That Club.

Bret Harte, though he was the historian of the "Argonauts of 1849," had no real love of yachting. Yet his favorite resort during the last years of his life was the Royal Thames Yacht club. He was once questioned about it, and explained:—

"I never use a club until I am tired of my work, and want relief from it. If I go to a literary club I am asked all sorts of questions as to what I am doing, and my views on somebody else's last book, and to these I am expected to reply at length.

"Now, my good friends in Albemarle street talk of their yachts, don't want my advice about them, are good enough to let me listen, and I come away refreshed by their conversation."

Mistake Made by Many.

We have no right to presume upon the good offices of good angels. Interest in our affairs does not follow as a matter of necessity. There are thousands of needy people in the world as deserving or perhaps more so than we are, who will appreciate kindness more than we will. The natural thing will be for good angels to serve them. And why not? The day of divine right has passed. Men are free to address themselves to whomsoever they will. And it's natural also to give service where it will be appreciated most. So if the good angels are not troubling over each other to answer your appeals, you're not a desirable master.—Exchange.

CLASSIFIED ADS

LOST FOUND — FOR SALE WANTED

THESE SMALL ADS. PRODUCE RESULTS. READ BY THOUSANDS DAILY

WANTED

Will clean your carpets; make them fresh, clean and neat. Upholster your chair or put in a cane seat. Will repair your furniture with the greatest of care. You will find my prices right, fair and square.

WHITNEY'S REPAIR SHOP
P. A. WHITNEY
(Succ. to Howe & Whitney)
Tel. 475W 50 Porter Street.

WANTED

High grade thoroughly experienced stock salesman to sell on commission (basis) an unusual offering of 8 per cent preferred stock of a very successful manufacturing corporation. One having large clientele preferred. State age, experience, references, approximate number of clients and commission expected. Manufacturing Corporation, P. O. Box 718, Hartford, Connecticut. j 3, 3t

WANTED

WANTED—Flashlight repaired at the Daily Service Station, Tilton's Tobacco Store, 11 Market St. h tw 31

WANTED—High school girl who has telephone to take care of baby 1 afternoon a week. Tele. 1598. h tf 31

WANTED—A dozen men wanted to make money during working hours. Write today, L. Campbell, 171 Middle St., Bridgeport, Conn. h 2w 31

QUARTERS WANTED by day of week, for home cooking. Apply 10 Dover street or telephone 355-M. h tw 31

WANTED—A clever safe horse for the keeping; will have kind treatment and safe driver. Sleigh and harness also required. Phone 1061-W. h tf d31

WANTED—Hay to exchange, for a good cow, coming in from February to June. Wm. A. Shapleigh, Eliot, Me. Tel. 208-2. h tw 31

WANTED—Position as cook and service in private family. Jamaican Young colored man. Write A. J. P., care Herald. h tf d31

WANTED—Work by the hour or day, any kind. Can drive a team or do light carpenter work. Address M. Sylvia, 17 Atlantic St. Phone 395-W. h tw d31

WANTED—To buy a baby's sleigh. Tele. 1241-W. h tw d30

WANTED—Waitress. Apply New England Restaurant, 111 Congress Street. h tw d30

WANTED—Dressmaking, also alterations and repairing on ladies' and children's garments. Mrs. L. E. Rhoades, 204 Pleasant street. Tel. 365-W. h tw d29

WANTED—Middle aged man to sell our reliable nursery products. Whole or part time. Hustlers make big pay. Pleasant and healthy work. Previous experience unnecessary. C. R. Wilson & Co., Manchester, Conn. h 1w d29

WANTED—To purchase a good second hand sleigh, lowest price for cash. Apply to John Blake, Kittery Point, Me. h tw d29

WANTED—To Rent, Furnished house or apartment, small, in good residential section. Write J. R. B. care of this Office. g-h d 27

WANTED—Work caring for furnaces, any work of that kind, by an American man of 18 years experience. Phone 1177-R. h tf d18

WANTED—A position as housekeeper in family without children, preferred. Tele. 1391-M. h tf 17

WANTED—Work by the hour or day or would consider a night watchman's job. Formerly employed by the Atlantic Corporation. Best of reference as to honesty and ability. Address W. H. Shun, 43 Haynes Ave., Portsmouth, N. H. h tf d2

WANTED—We will pay a good price for antique furniture, old crockery, pewter and hooked rugs. Coleman's, 217 Market St. h tf 18

WANTED—Carpenter work and jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. Nathaniel Pierce, 18 Bleachery St. Tele.

TO LET

TO LET—One room furnished or unfurnished, one minutes walk from Kittery town and bridge, price right. Inquire of A. E. Cole, Kittery, Me. h tw d30

TO LET—After Dec. 25th two light housekeeping rooms, No. 10 Pine St. h tf d22

TO LET—Rooms for light housekeeping and single rooms. Sandford House, 129 State St. h tf a24

TO LET—2 rooms furnished for light housekeeping, modern conveniences, 10 navy ferry. 101 Dennett St. h tw 31

TO LET—3 rooms on Albany St. Apply to Wolf Wehseth, 139 Vaughan St. h tw 31

TO LET—Tenement at 55 Deer street, all modern improvements. Apply H. Hoag, 32 Market street. h tf 27

TO LET—Rooms, 35 Blossom street. A good co-operator required. Apply at Blossom street. h tw 31

TO LET—No. 132 State St., comfortably furnished rooms, large, sunny, neat and attractive, continuous hot and cold water, centrally located. Tel. 995-Y. he 2m m18

THE TOSCAN, 134 Middle street. Single rooms for men. Large rooms well equipped for light housekeeping. Fine location. he tf m18

TO LET—Suitable place for plumber shop, paint shop or any several manufacturing plants. Inquire at this office. he tf m27

TO LET—Furnished single rooms and kitchenette apartments at the Marcy House, Pleasant St. he tf

TO LET—Steam heated rooms at 117 Congress St., next to Y. M. C. A. and 20 Middle street. h tf d1

TO LET—Room at 39 Richards Ave., opposite Sinclair Inn. h tf d13

TO LET—A room suitable for two gentlemen, all modern conveniences. Apply 40 State St. h tw 31

TO LET—Furnished for light housekeeping at 41 School street, 1 room, 2 rooms and 1 rooms; also at 101 Hanover street, 5 room house. Apply 41 School St. h tf d13

TO LET—Two connecting housekeeping rooms. Apply 176 State St. h tf d20

TO LET—A nicely furnished steam heated apartment of two large rooms, light housekeeping. 103 High St. h tw 31

TO LET—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, modern conveniences, good location, 88 Rummey St. h tf d22

TO RENT—Apartment of 5 rooms at 241 State St., a little beyond Middle St. Hot water heat. h tw 31

TO LET—2 furnished housekeeping rooms 66 Cass street. Tel. 1278-Y. h tf d15

TO LET—Small tenement, gas and electricity. Rent reasonable. Apply 115 Court street. h tf a16

HOUSES
Four and Six Rooms.
All Improvements.
The Atlantic Heights Co.
Tel. 88.

FOR SALE
2 Prs. Heavy Work Horses
Good workers in fine condition.
PORTSMOUTH ICE CO.
Tel. 85

FOR SALE
Dry Pine Tops
Four-foot length or Stove length.
PORTSMOUTH ICE CO.
Tel. 86.

FOR SALE—Furniture, 2 stoves, 2 art squares, fancy dishes, nice organ, phonograph, bed, table and chairs. No. 16 Gates St. h tw d29

FOR SALE.
DAYTON AIRLESS TIRES

FOR SALE—Automobile tires in Ford sizes which will not puncture or blowout, 8000-mile guarantee. Call, phone or write John W. Durgin, Greenland Road, Portsmouth, N. H. hn24,tf

FOR SALE—Two second hand sleighs in good condition. Address Box 183, Portsmouth, N. H. h 2t 31

FOR SALE—Local druggists are now offering Cherry-Mul to those afflicted with coughs, colds, and run down conditions. Cherry-Mul keeps you well. Every bottle guaranteed. Recommended by Benjamin Green, Dunkel & Adams, Heartbman & Norton, Wm. D. Grace.

FOR SALE—6 room house with all modern improvements, acre of land. Apply 97 Pine St. h tf o19

FOR SALE—1 chair barber shop with price of just the furniture. Inquire Rammer's store, Atlantic Heights. Phone 129-W. h tw d30

FOR SALE—6 h. p. Lathrop, 5 h. p. Lathrop, 10 h. p. 4 cylinder Palmer, 4 h. p. Fairbanks Victor, 3 h. p. Easton, 6 h. p. Hanson Apply J. W. Downs, 339 Marcy St. Tel. 988-M. he tf m18

FOR SALE—House lots, Park St., Wilfred St. Fine neighborhood. Inquire this office. he tf m18

FOR SALE—Several cane pulleys and small motor. Inquire at Herald Office.

FOR SALE—Small metal furnace, gas or oil heater. Inquire Herald Office.

FOR SALE—All kinds of yarn. Selling remainder of stock from store. Stock sacrificed. 117 State Street. h tf d16

FOR SALE—Lot of land 60x100, small house suitable for small family, cosy nest, water and cellar. Will sell at quick sale for $900.0. Inquire Mrs. Krause, Ashland street, rear 12 Cutts street. h tf n24

FOR SALE—Wood of all kinds sawed and split. Prices right and prompt delivery. Telephone 662-W. J. Regan, 100 Woodbury Ave. h tf n21

FOR SALE—Quantity of shafting. Inquire at Herald office. h tf d28

LOST

LOST—Dec. 21th on Market Square, pair of girls long sleeve gauch mittens. Finder return to this office. Reward. h 3t 31

LOST—Friday, Dec. 31, auto stabbing crank between Bond Street and Post Office. Finder please return to Dr. H. F. Snyder. h tw 31

LOST—Will the person who was seen to pick up a small pocket book in Brown's store on Thursday night please return to Mrs. Charles R. Garland, 536 State street. Room 15 and no questions will be asked as to the contents. h tw d31

LOST—Dec. 21 on Bridge street, a brown plush velvet bag containing a sum of money. Finder please return to this office and receive reward. h tw d28

LOST—Jan. 2 a gold cuff link with initial "H." Finder please return to this office and receive reward. h 3t 31

LOST—Jan. 1st between Dennett St. and Peal St., Kittery, wrist chain size 33 1-2. Tele. 1061-W. Reward. h tf 31

LOST—1 wood comb from auto. Finder return to G. M. Akerman, Pyser's Store, Kittery. h tw 31

LOST—On Jan. 1st between Rowley and Portsmouth, a money pack containing a pump jack and assortment of automobile tools. Finder will be rewarded if they notify A. A. Haig, 85 Park St., Portland, Me. h tf 31

FOUND

FOUND—A valuable pin on Lincoln Ave. Owner can have same by calling at The White Shop, Market St. h 3t d31

FOUND—Friday evening, Dec. 24, a sum of money on Islington avenue. Finder can claim same by calling at 88 Lincoln Ave. h tw d28

MISCELLANEOUS

MISS CECILIA HAM, teacher of pianoforte, special attention given to beginners. Residence Middle Road. Tele. 242. h tw d29

HAMS cured and smoked. W. W. Rowe, Eliot, Me. Phone 203-4. h tw 13

FOR AN EXPERT to trim, cut down, remove tree moths or wreck that old building see Beasley, 18 Mechanic St. City. h tf n24

YOUR CARPETS thoroughly cleaned, clothes cleaned, repaired and pressed. Help furnished for house cleaning. Robert S. Anderson, 93 Washington street. h tf o19

HIGHEST PRICES for all kinds of junk. Tel. 556-W and I will call. Mr. Dreller, See me before you sell. h tf

MADAME HILLIS Psychic readings by appointment. Tele. 1310. h tf a10

R. P. BRIDLE, carpenter joiner. Jobbing of all kinds. Tel. 753-J. h tf d15

7-20-4
R. G. SULLIVAN'S
FACTORY OUTPUT QUARTER OF A MILLION DAILY
IN ITS CLASS THE LARGEST SELLING CIGAR IN THE WORLD
FACTORY MANCHESTER, N.H.

USED CARS

1919 Cadillac Touring	$2000
1916 Cadillac Touring	$1000
1917 Packard Touring	$1600
1917 Cadillac Limousine	$1800
1917 Hudson Limousine	$1200
1918 Chalmers Touring	$800
1916 Cadillac Roadster	$900
1919 Ford Touring (with winter top)	$300
1919 Nash Truck (1-ton)	$1100

These Are All Bargains.

If you are in the market for a second hand car, call and see us.

Hislop Garage Co.
148 FLEET ST.
Tel. 5 or 117-W.

THE COMPANY WITH THE PYRAMID

NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

TOTAL LIABILITIES $5,040,706.92
POLICYHOLDERS' SURPLUS $4,013,380.92

Corset Shop

REDUCED PRICES
On All Merchandise in Shop.
PRETTY GIFTS FOR CHRISTMAS

Waists, Silk Vests, Silk Petticoats, Silk Hose, Philippine Underwear, hand embroidered.

Hand Embroidery and Sewing.
HANDKERCHIEFS AND CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES.

Mrs. Sarah L. Piercy
N. H. National Bank Bldg.
Tel. 1027R.

Bible Land

Union Made

Every leading tobacco counter carries the Bibleland in boxes of 25, suitable for Christmas gifts.

MADE AT
210 Market Street
Tel. 362M. Portsmouth, N. H.

An Adventure in Contentment

S. G. CIGARS

HAND MADE — HAVANA FILLER

TRY ONE TODAY

2 for 25c—Everywhere.

REINEWALD'S MUSIC SCHOOL

Teaches
VIOLIN, CORNET, TROMBONE, MANDOLIN AND TENOR BANJO.

Agent Holton Band Instruments. New and Second Hand Violins, Cornets, Mandolins, Trombones and Tenor Banjos.

R. L. REINEWALD,
Ex-Bandmaster, U. S. Navy
2 Gates St. Phone 903-M.
The Local Favorite High rade Cigar

HAM'S Undertaking Rooms
(Established 1853)
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
and Licensed Embalmer
In Maine and New Hampshire.
CHAPEL FOR SERVICES
Lady Attendant when requested.
AUTO SERVICE.
Phone 164W. 122 Market St.

The D. F. Borthwick Store

Announces that the After-Christmas Sale of Desirable Merchandise will be more important in character than usual.

Special reduction in prices will apply to seasonable goods and materials for home sewing; Cambrics, Long Cloths and Nainsooks. With the use of a Butterick Pattern for cutting out or transfer for Embroidery will mean economy in the production of the most dainty and dutiable Underwear.

Special attention to materials for Infants' Wear.

NAVY YARD NOTES

Leave Boston

The battleships North Dakota, Utah and Delaware left Charlestown yard on Monday for Guantanamo Bay for maneuvers.

Putting Up a Howl

Charlestown yard is howling over the fact that the destroyer Mugford was ordered from that yard to Brooklyn yard for repairs. Nothing however is being said about the colliers Astoria and Long Beach being taken from the Portsmouth yard turned over to Charlestown yard for costly repair work.

May Call Mass Meeting

The employes of the local yard have a very important matter under consideration and a mass meeting is likely will likely be called in a short time to take action on the same.

Sent to Electrical School

Arthur G. Champagne of this city who enlisted last week as apprentice electrician, has been transferred to the electrical school at Hampton Roads.

Brings in Deserter

Officer Copley of the Portland police department delivered a deserter to the local yard today who has been missing from the training station at Hampton Roads, Va., since Dec. 14.

Back on Duty

Commodore Wadhams of the naval prison has returned to duty after a visit to his home in New York over the holidays.

Four Teams Bowl

Four teams in the Workmen's League rolled on the yard alleys on Monday afternoon. No. 5 team beat out No 8 by 57 pins and No. 6 team was 91 to the good when the contest ended with team No. 2.

Promotions Due

The following promotions are due as the result of the work of a board, which convened at Washington last May:

To be rear admiral—Samuel S. Robinson, commandant of the Boston Navy Yard.

To be captains—Arthur Crenshaw, Anton Bronson, Jr., Harry E. Yarnell, Arthur MacArthur, David H. Thelen, Arthur J. Hepburn, Thomas C. Hart.

To be commanders—John Grady, William D. Greethain, David M. D. Le Breton, Andrew C. Pickens, Nathaniel H. Wright, Prentiss P. Bassett, Hussard E. Wynne, Robert A. Dawes, Paul E. Dampman, Clyde S. McDowell, Paul P. Blackburn.

The remainder of the officers selected by the May, 1920, board will make their numbers for promotions as follows:

The retirement of Rear Admiral James H. Glennon on Feb. 11, 1921, will result in the promotion of Charles F. Hughes to rear admiral, and of Cyrus R. Miller to captain.

The retirement of Rear Admiral Herbert O. Dunn on May 29, 1921, will result in the promotion of Henry A. Wiley to rear admiral.

JURORS DRAWN FROM THE SEVERAL WARDS FOR JANUARY TERM

The several ward clerks made a drawing for jurors at City Hall on Monday night for the January term of Superior Court.

Ward 1, Petit—James M. Goodrich, Jr., John W. Holdenbate.

Grand—Walter H. Harris.

Ward 2, Petit—Mitchell H. Day, Herbert S. Bickford. Grand—Hunton W. Seavey.

Ward 3, Petit—Ira Brown.

Ward 4, Petit—Patrick Shea, Frederick Schetter.

Ward 5, Petit—John W. Dunn.

LOCAL DELEGATION OFF FOR CONCORD

Only One Member of 1919 Session Returned to the General Court.

The full Portsmouth delegation to the legislature left for Concord today to be sworn in for the session. William A. Hodgdon of ward two is the only member of the 1919 session from Portsmouth that returned with the delegation for 1921. Ebner E. Pridham of Newcastle who also served in last year's House of Representatives, goes back for 1921 and was the only democrat from this section reelected.

POLICE BOARD HOLD MEETING

The police commissioners held a regular meeting on Monday night. The board discussed boxing exhibitions to some extent and other routine business.

McENELLY'S ORCHESTRA

Tonight, Freeman's Hall.

Remember the Concert at 8. Please fill up the seats to relieve the usual congestion at the door. After the concert, the dance. Last local appearance of the McEnelly Orchestra till March. Dancing till 12.30.

Winfield I. Caswell of the coast guard office has returned fro ma vacation passed at his home in Manchester.

WOULD SELL PORTSMOUTH NAVY YARD

Also Stop Shipbuilding in the Navy and Purchase Articles In Open Market.

Rear Admiral Casper F. Goodrich, one time a very active commandant of Portsmouth navy yard and also equipment officer, writes the North American Review under the title of "The Navy And Its Owners," quite a long article in which he recommends the sale or abandonment of the Portsmouth navy yard along with the yards at New London, Port Royal, Key West, Gulfport, Charleston and New Orleans. He states that the sale of these yards should be decided by the people, not by a committee of Congress. He goes further in advocating the construction of ships for the navy in private rather than in navy yards and claims it is sound business policy to stop absolutely all ship construction by the government workmen. He believes that manufacturing be cut in yards and articles procured in the open market. The size of the navy, he insists, "should be decided by those who have to bear the burden of cost." He claims that truth follows the line and says the opposite is true.

TO FIGHT INCREASE OF WATER RATES IN YORK COUNTY

Coast Towns Will Ask for Water District Charter.

The York County Water Company recently announced that it proposes to increase its rates and this has evidently started something in the surrounding towns which gets a supply from this company. Large representations from Kennebunk, Wells and Ogunquit met at Kennebunk and voted to ask for a charter to include the above territory. Committees of three from each town were chosen to arrange for town meetings and carry out details.

The company announces the increased rates will be from $1400 to $8750.

TAKES POSITION WITH NEW COMPANY

Thomas J. Dowes, formerly connected with the New Hampshire Highway Department, is now affiliated with the Portsmouth Products Company of this city as sales manager. This company is now featuring a new fire extinguisher, as well as various other products.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNUAL MEETING

At the annual meeting of the Sunday School of the People's Baptist Church, the following officers were chosen for the coming year: Superintendent, Haywood Burton; assistant superintendent, W. D. Blanks; secretary, Mrs. Annie B. Blanks; treasurer, Mrs. Lucy A. Straughan; librarian, Robert Anderson; assistant librarian, Robert Harris; pianist, Christobal Harris; superintendent of Cradle Roll, Mrs. C. W. Tilley.

ELECT NEW MEMBER FOR LADDER ONE

Edward A. Brown, a B. & M. switchman, was appointed a member of Ladder 1 in the fire department on Monday to succeed John H. Hooper resigned. Brown has been acting as a substitute for some time and is a member of the Franklin Pierce Veteran Firemen's Asso.

CRAIG—ANDERSON

Miss Edna May Anderson of this city, and William K. Craig, of New York City, were united in marriage Monday at 12 o'clock, at the residence of James F. Slaughters, 352 Hanover street. Only the members of the families of the contracting parties were present, and the ceremony was performed by Haywood Burton. The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Robert S. Anderson, and attended by her sister-in-law, Henrietta M. Anderson. They left on the evening train for New York City, where they will make their future home.

ELKS-P. A. C. TOURNAMENT DATES ARE SET

Annual Winter Inter-Club Affair Will Bring Out the Indoor Champions.

At a meeting held last evening at the Elks Home of committees from the P. A. C. and Elks to arrange the annual winter inter-club tournament the following dates were set and the games to be played decided upon:

Jan. 12 at P. A. C.—Cribbage, Pool, Billiards.

Jan. 26 at Elks—Pitch, Bowling, Billiards, Pool.

Feb. 9 at P. A. C.—Pitch, Billiards, Pool.

March 9, Elks—Bowling, Pool, Billiards.

The tournament will be run similar to previous years. A banquet will be served on the night of the last games at the Elks Home. A suitable prize will be contributed by each club which will pertain to the up-keep of the billiard rooms of the club winning the tournament.

Local Dashes

Did the water wagon start?

Has the bill collector called?

The legislature convenes today.

Grain prices are said to be still dropping.

Sleigh bells have been hung up again.

Day or night Taxi Service tel. 3 or 117-W.

The junk market has been shot to pieces.

Tel. 3 or 117-W for prompt Taxi Service.

Board of Public Works meets tonight.

Monuments and gravestones. J. H. Dowd Co., Market street.

If you want real Taxi Service tel. 3 or 117-W.

Whist Party Moose Hall, Wednesday night, Jan. 5, 8 to 10 p. m. h 31 13

Jeremiah O'Leary who addressed a large audience in Freeman's Hall on Monday night is a very convincing speaker.

Fir Insurance of all kinds, including auto fire insurance, Caswell Agency, 9 Congress street.

The several fire companies held their regular monthly meeting on Monday night.

Taxi Service Day or Night.Phone 22 or 34,Portsmouth Motor Mart. h tf mb

Try Cole's for your cleansing, pressing and dyeing, 142 Fleet St. Tel 1503.

Gasoline 31c at the Hislop Garage Co.

FOR SALE—Hard and soft wood, pine limbs. Francis P. Clair, Cate St. Tele. 1507. h tf m23

With the old shed gone at the foot of Daniel street that locality becomes quite changed especially in the way of a fine view of the river.

If the party who was seen coaxing the maltese cat with white breast, on Sculff street, towards Junkins avenue Thursday, Dec. 30, will return same to 213 South street, or telephone 1473-M, they will save further trouble. h 21 33

Prevention is better than cure. No disease has ever been traced to pasteurized milk, clean, safe milk and cream. Healthful buttermilk, butter and fresh eggs. Skimmed milk for cooking. Best service right prices. Tel. 1316-M. Portsmouth Creamery, 160 Bow St. h tf 19

A bona-fide, non-camouflaged price reduction of 10 percent on all high grade hand carved and art portrait photograph frames will be made at Montgomery's Art Store, beginning Monday, Jan. 3rd. Your picture fitted without additional charge, as usual. h 21 33

SPANISH WAR VETERANS ATTENTION

The refreshment committee requests the presence of all comrades at the Installation of Officers of Winfield Scott Schley Camp, No. 4, Tuesday Jan. 4 at 8.00 p. m. Refreshments will be served and a good time is assured. Sojourning comrades are welcome.

h 31 33 COMMITTEE

BASKET BALL GAMES WANTED

The Pere Marquette Council K. of C. five, the leading Knights of Columbus team in Greater Boston and known throughout the country on account of its athletic activities, would like to arrange games with any of the local teams here. Write M. J. King, Mgr., 76 Tudor street, South Boston, Mass.

J. FRED HICKS SOON TO LEAVE LOCAL Y. M. C. A.

Popular Physical Instructor Accepts Position in Schools of Berlin.

J. Fred Hicks, physical instructor at the Y. M. C. A., has this week tendered his resignation to the board of directors of that organization, to take effect on January 22. Mr. Hicks resigns to accept a position as athletic instructor of the High School at Berlin, this state.

The resignation of Mr. Hicks will be heard with regret by all who are familiar with the work he has done in this city, while his popularity among the Y. M. C. A. members is well known, and he will be greatly missed.

Mr. Hicks entered upon his duties at the Y. M. C. A. on January 6, 1919, arriving a month before the present general secretary, Lelloy O. Schmalzried, came to this city. Not only has he done active work along athletic lines, but has been active in local athletic events, playing center on the Portsmouth professional basketball team, and he has played baseball on the Y. M. C. A. team of the Sunset League, and on the local football team.

Previous to his work here, Mr. Hicks had a position for two years at the Y. M. C. A. of Worcester, Mass. He later had gymnasium classes in Lothrop Memorial Hall, Dover, these including men's and boys' classes, and classes of Boy Scouts. Mr. Hicks is well trained in his work, and even last summer took a special course in track coaching and medical gymnastics at the Springfield Y. M. C. A.

PERSONALS

Miss Agnes Ralph has returned from a visit to her home in Concord.

James Conellan, of Augusta, Me., has been passing a few days in this city.

Miss Catherine Emery returns to her studies at the Beacon School, Boston on Wednesday.

Mrs. R. J. Boyd who underwent a serious surgical operation at the hospital is now improving.

Rev. Thomas Chalmers formerly of Manchester, now head of a large school for boys, was a visitor here on Tuesday.

Miss Esther Graham, kindergarten teacher at the Earnest School, has returned from a visit with relatives at South Weymouth, Mass.

NOTICE

All members of Local 502 I. B. E.W. are requested to attend the regular meeting at Metal Trades Hall Wednesday January 5, 1921 at 7.30 p. m. for Installation of Officers. Frank Garrick of Boston will give an address. Refreshments after the meeting. h 21 33

Y. W. C. A. NOTES

Tonight is the regular basket ball practice for the Business Girls' Club at the Y. M. C. A. at 7:30 o'clock. Every member is urged to come as we want to select our team as soon as possible, in order to get busy and challenge other teams. Come out and show your enthusiasm. A team can't run without players.

At the Y. W. C. A. tonight, there will be the final meeting of the Spanish and French classes since Christmas, and it is hoped that a large number will be present—not only the former members, but new ones. It is not too late to start these subjects. Come and see how you like them!

The Springfield College gymnasium team will give an exhibition of march, tumbling and the swinging of electric Indian clubs at the local Y. M. C. A. gymnasium on Friday evening, Jan. 21. The exhibition will also include work on parallel bars, horizontal bars, horse and ring, pyramid building etc. This team is considered the best in the country in its line.

If you've made a resolution on Economy, now's the time to practice it, by coming to our store. Men's Suits and Overcoats—many of 'em at less than the cost of producing the garments, $24.75 and up.

A special cleanup in boys' all wool suits ($10.50, $12 and $15 grade), to close at $7.75 each.

A special in men's heavy blue overalls just closed out at a big loss by the maker, we are selling at $1.45 a pair.

Henry Peyser & Son's

"Where Quality Meets Price."

PRYOR-DAVIS COMPANY PORTSMOUTH, N.H.

SKATES, SLEDS, SKIS
THERMOS BOTTLES
LUNCH KITS
GOOD SCISSORS AND GOOD KNIVES

PRYOR-DAVIS CO.

36 Market St. Tel. 509

Announcement

A. F. FULLER, D. C. CHIROPRACTOR

Will Open Offices at 350 State St., January 5, 1921

If you have tried every thing else without results try Chiropractic and get well

CONSULTATION FREE

Office Hours 9-12 a. m., 2-5 p. m. Tues., Thurs., & Sat. Evenings 7-9 and by Appointment.

Palmer Graduate Phone Connection

FOR SALE

ON

SHEAFE ST.

Brick House of Eight Rooms

Butler & Marshall

REAL ESTATE AGENT

5 Market Street.

A Real Bargain

Start the New Year right. Buy this six-room house with all improvements, garage, hen house and two extra lots.

Good location and at a price that will surprise you.

Don't wait. Telephone at once.

Fred Gardner

Glebe Building.

EVERYBODY'S STORE

"WE CLOTHE ALL"

Y. M. C. A. Building. Portsmouth, N. H.

Read Tomorrow Night's Papers

About the Great Disposal Sale of the Stocks of America's Four Largest Manufacturers. Prices Actually Less Than Cost of Material.

Sale Begins Thursday, Jan. 6

THE 1921 RECORD CLUB IS NOW ON

All members of former clubs are invited to join as well as any graphophone owner, whether they have an account with us or not. The rules are:

Take $15 Worth of Records

Pay $1 Balance $1 Weekly

The records you take are your own selection.

The New Victor Records For January Are Here

HASSETT'S

REDUCTION OF NAVAL CONSTRUCTION BEFORE SENATE

Foreign Relation Committee Favor Taking in France and Italy as Well as Great Britain and Japan

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 3—Reduction in naval construction was taken up today by the enate Foreign Relation Committee at an executive session, which will be resumed on Wednesday and which is expected to take up several weeks. The committee had before it the Borah resolution asking President Wilson to initiate negotiations with Great Britain and Japan looking to the reduction by fifty per cent of the naval building plan. It is understood that there was considerable inclination on the part of the members to include France and Italy, but that this was opposed by Senator Borah, who argued that those two countries would follow the lead of England and the United States. If they were brought into the discussion, that the reduction of the army as well as the navy should be advocated, as England was sure to request that France reduce her army if she reduced her navy.

After Christmas

CLOSE-OUT SALE

We are giving Special Bargains on Everything in our store, in order to reduce our stock previous to stock-taking.

SPECIALS
Silverware and Jewelry
Cut Glass
Sweet Grass Baskets
Children's Chairs
Doll Carriages
Doll Beds
All Kinds of Holiday Goods to be Closed Out at Cost and Less.

CLOSE-OUT PARLOR SUITES
$450 Over-Stuffed Suite, $350
$250 Over-Stuffed Suite, $185
$200 Solid Mah. Suite, $98
$150 Walnut Suite..... $85
$65 Davenport Beds..... $30
$250 Davenport Suites, $125

D.H. McIntosh
FURNITURE & CARPETS
Fleet and Congress Streets. Mac's Busy Corner.

SERVICE! QUALITY!

Portland Cement, per barrel	$3.20 Net
Lime, per barrel	$3.20 Net
Dry Extra White Cedar Shingles	$7.50 Per M.
Dry Clear White Cedar Shingles	$7.00 Per M.
Dry 2d Clear White Cedar Shingles	$5.50 Per M.
Japroid Heavy Weight Asphalt Shingles	$8.00 Per M.

R. I. Sugden & Son
(Successor to Sugden Bros.)
Tels. 165 and 166. Cor. Vaughan and Green Sts.

Why Pay Big Prices

FOR FLOORING? We have just unloaded a carload of RIFT FIR FLOORING. This is medium hard floor, free from knots or other defects. Takes a high polish and gives excellent results. Just now owing to business depression in the West, where this floor is milled, it can be sold at very low prices. Phone us the sizes of your rooms. You will be surprised how cheaply they can be laid with FIR FLOORING.

LITTLEFIELD LUMBER CO.
SQUARE DEAL BUILDING MATERIALS
63 Green St. Say "Hello 74"

D'VALERA'S RETURN; HIS OWN IDEA

(By Associated Press)

New York Jan. 3—D'Valera "president of the Irish Republic" in returning to Ireland did so against the advice of the Irish Parliament, who were anxious that he remain in this country and place before the new administration the cause of Ireland, Harry Hollin his secretary stated today. The conditions in Ireland are changing so rapidly, that Mr. DeValera decided that he should go back there. He had always been in close touch with the Irish republic, but had no communication at all with the British government.

CARDINAL GIBBONS BACK TO HIS OWN HOME

(By Associated Press)

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 3—For the first time since Dec. 12, when stricken after a service at St. Joseph's church, Cardinal Gibbons slept tonight in his plain little room in his home in this city, where he has for years worked and slept. He was removed from the residence of his friend Robert Schriver at Union Mills by automobile, and his physician said that he stood the trip very well. They think that the easing of his mind at being home will more than counteract any fatigue from the journey.

RAILROADS MUST AWAIT AN AUDIT

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 3—The railroads of the country must await a final audit by the Interstate Commerce Commission, before they receive their portion of the $100,000,000 appropriated by Congress as payments for the first six months operating expenses after being turned back by the government, Chief Justice McCoy of this District of Columbia, supreme court ruled today.

CLAYTON ACT DOES NOT LEGALIZE BOYCOTTS

Washington, Jan. 3—Federal Court decrees that the Clayton act in effect legalized "secondary boycotts" by organized labor were set aside today by the Supreme Court.

The court held in the case of the Duplex Printing Press Company of Battle Creek, Mich. against the International Association of Machinists to restrain the latter from boycotting its product that the immunity clause of the Clayton Act could not be stretched to cover illegal acts of labor organizations.

The opinion was read by Justice Mc Reynolds. The Court divided six to three, Justice Holmes, Brandeis and Clarke dissenting. The committee report submitted to Congress on the Clayton Act clearly and explicitly said, this opinion stated, that no immunity was extended for those authorizing or engaging in secondary boycotts.

ONE NEIGHBOR TELLS ANOTHER

Points the Way to Comfort and Health. Other Women Please Read

Moundsville, W. Va.—"I had taken doctor's medicine for nearly two years because my periods were irregular, came every two weeks, and I would suffer with bearing-down pains. A lady told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and how much good it had done her daughter, so I took it and now I am regular every month and have no pain at all. I recommend your medicine to everyone and you may publish my testimonial, hoping that the Vegetable Compound does some other girl the good it has done me."—Mrs. George Tegarden, 916 Third Street, Moundsville, W. Va.

How many young girls suffer as Mrs. Tegarden did and do not know where to turn for advice or help. They often are obliged to earn their living by toiling day in and day out no matter how hard the pain they have to bear. Every girl who suffers in this way should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and if she does not get prompt relief write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Massachusetts, about her health. Such letters are held in strict confidence.

Be Slender

True way to become slender, svelte, healthy; is now yours. See the pictures: the shadows are to give you idea of size before reduction of weight. No starving or tedious exercises. No dealing with salts, etc.; no thyroid, no loss of time. Just follow the simple, easy Korein system and reduce 10 to 80 pounds (whatever you need to) under money-refund guarantee. Safe, reliable, recommended by physicians. Add to your capability and charm. Amaze all who know you. Become lighter in step, younger in appearance, attractive, gain in health, add years to your life! Take your measurements and weight often and look at yourself in mirror to know the great benefit. Don't lose any more time; start now and enjoy the thrill of becoming slender. Ask for box of KOREIN TABULES (pronounced koreen) at any drug store. Accept no substitute. Or mail $1.00 to us for box or write for free brochure. Korein Co., Hf-58, Station F, New York, N. Y.

ITALY HAS SUSPENDED PASSPORTS TO THIS COUNTRY

Notifies the State Department That This Action Has Been Taken to Restrict Immigration

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 3—Solution of the immigration question through diplomatic agreement rather than through separate legislative action by the various governments, was forecasted at the hearing today on the Johnson bill to prohibit all immigration for ten months. A letter was made public to prohibit all immigration for ten months. A letter was made public by Acting Secretary of State, Davis, from the Italian government, stating that that country had suspended the issue of passports to the United States. The letter came as a great surprise to the members of the committee.

SENATE PASS BILL OVER PRESIDENT'S VETO

Washington, Jan. 3—The resolution to revive the War Finance Corporation was passed today by the Senate over President Wilson's veto. The vote to override the President was 53 to 5, or 19 more than the required two-thirds majority.

Senator Underwood of Alabama, the Democratic leader, gave notice that he would vote to pass the resolution over the veto, saying he had not changed his mind as to the advisability of the measure becoming a law.

The vote was taken immediately after the veto message was read. Similar action by the House was forecast by supporters of the resolution, which was designed as an aid to farmers and others in the present period of declining prices.

Those voting to sustain the President veto were Elkins and Sutherland of West Virginia, and Keyes of New Hampshire, Republicans, Gerry, Rhode Island and Thomas, Colorado; Democrats, Senator Penrose, Republican of Pennsylvania, announced he was paired on the question, but that if he could vote, he would vote to sustain the President. Senator Glass, Democrat, Virginia, made a similar announcement.

WANT CONGRESS TO INVESTIGATE MILL SITUATION

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 3—The situation in the textile industries from the labor view point was brought to the attention of Congress today by the representatives of the American Federation of Labor and the United Textile Council, both of whom announced their intention of persuing with every energy their campaign to get congress to investigate the textile industries, the reduction of wages and the closing of the mills, which they declare were due to the arbitrary and concerted action of the mill owners.

RECRUITING FOR THE NAVY SUSPENDED

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 3—Recruiting for the navy has been suspended temporarily, and all new enlistments have been prohibited, except re-enlistments it is said that the Department now has 132,000 men the maximum allowed under the present appropriation of Congress and if the enlistment falls below those figures recruiting will be resumed.

SHAKE-UP IN NEW YORK CITY HALL PENDING

Proposed Legislature inquiry Followed by Reports of Clean Sweep by Hylan

New York, Jan. 3—Proposal at Albany of a legislative investigation into the city administration was followed today by rumors in City Hall of a general shake-up in departments.

Confirmation of any reports could not be obtained from Mayor Hylan. His secretary said, "If there are any changes the mayor will announce them later."

LONDON PAPERS DENOUNCE REPRISAL

London, Jan. 3—Public opinion received a shock today when the details of the burning of the Irish town of Middleton, on Saturday, were made public.

This shock was particularly felt in quarters where it had been supposed that martial law in Southwestern Ireland would put an end to such reprisals.

Nowhere is there outspoken approval of the punishment meted out to the Irish village by Maj. Gen. Sir Edward Strickland and there evidently is some reluctance to endorse this method of keeping order.

In official statements it is declared that seven dwellings in Middleton were destroyed as a result of an ambush of police near that town last Wednesday.

Declaration is made that the authorities had decided that the people living in certain houses in the vicinity of the outrage must have known of the plot to ambush the police, and that after the inmates of the houses selected for destruction had been warned to leave the buildings were set on fire. The occupants were permitted to remove their valuables, but had to leave their furniture behind them.

While declining to question the act of burning the houses, on the ground that it was a drastic measure, the London Times questions the adequacy of the explanation that the inhabitants of the burned dwellings were bound to have known of the ambush.

"Official reprisal" the newspaper continues, "may be a rough form of justice, but, despite the roughness, the element of justice should be always beyond question."

The Daily Express, granting that the action was legal and "presumably necessary adds: "But it is horrible, as it rivals an absolute state of war in Ireland, and it is impossible to withhold sympathy from Irishmen who find themselves between the hammer of Sinn Fein murders and the anvil of the British troops."

The radical press, on the other hand, is horrified, the Daily News saying: "The reports will be read with amazement and despair. It is a savage outrage upon human decency, and the matter cannot be left where it is."

The Daily Herald, organ of labor, calls it "savage and diabolic violence" and calls upon labor to stop "this war upon a Nation".

HAVE A BOX HANDY—ON YOUR DESK—IN YOUR POCKET—OR AT HOME SO THAT THE CHILDREN CAN ALWAYS GET THEM

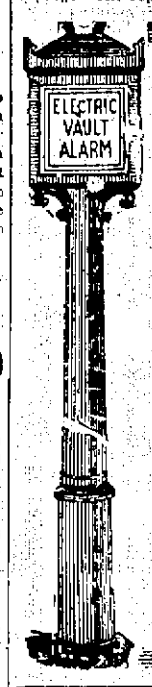
They stop the tickle

BRIGGS' MENTHOLATED-HOARHOUND COUGH DROPS

KEEP THAT COLD AWAY

C.A. BRIGGS COMPANY
CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Just try La Touraine Tea—as good as La Touraine Coffee
40 cents per ½ pound canister



The New Year

This bank extends to all its patrons and friends the most cordial wishes for a Happy New Year.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

COAL

For Prompt Delivery in Portsmouth and Vicinity

C. E. WALKER & CO.
State, Water and Daniel Sts.
TELEPHONES 236 AND 237

ASH SIFTERS ASH CANS
COAL HODS
COAL SHOVELS, ETC.

Muchemore & Rider Co.
Phone 1454. Market St.

A GOOD GRADE OF COAL MEANS MONEY SAVED!

QUALITY COALS
THE CONSOLIDATION COAL CO.
PHONES 90, 91 & 92 JOSEPH L. JACOBY, MGR.

WILSON ANXIOUS ABOUT CUBA

Sends Gen. Crowder to Look Over Situation---U. S. May Have to Supervise the Bi-Election

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Jan. 3—By direction of President Wilson, Major General Enoch Crowder has sailed for Havana to confer with President Menocal, regarding the situation in Cuba. The financial crisis continues in Cuba and the situation is critical on account of the unsettled presidential election, and a continuance of the present condition would be very harmful. Direct supervision of the Cuban bi-election, which is contended must be held, will not be undertaken by the United States, unless it becomes more apparent that the Cubans are unable to hold the election with honesty and fairness.

COAL SHORTAGE RELIEVED BY RAILROADS

The coal situation which last week was rather grave, was relieved on Monday by the arrival of several carloads of different sizes of hard coal. Last week none of the dealers had any but coal at all and some no stove coal, but during the holiday there were eighteen or twenty carloads received by railroad so that Monday there was enough for the present.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

Our Navy Needs

(From the Philadelphia Inquirer)

(From the Philadelphia Inquirer)

Of course in reducing our naval expenditures we must go at the matter in a sensible manner. We have two tremendous coast lines—three, if the Gulf of Mexico is counted separately. We have our trade routes to look after. But we do not require a prodigious navy—a competitive navy. England has stopped the construction of capital ships. It is becoming a grave question whether, with the modern submarine and the naval airplane and the swift destroyer, these expensive things are really worth while.

However, that is a problem for the naval experts. The point which we wish to pound home is, that we can safely reduce expenditures, and that in the interest of the taxpayer, if for no other reason, we must cut military estimates to the backbone and strive not for magnitude but for efficiency.

That Paragraph in Agate

(From the New York Evening Post)

The taxpayer might reasonably suppose that the report would subject the results of government operations to a searching analysis. Glittering generalities there are in abundance. But the cold hard fact is reserved for a few inches of agate type at the end of the volume, where tucked away in the appendix one learns that in operating its fleet the shipping board has spent $1,092,390,579, against receipts of only $817,271,511. Here is recorded a loss of $185,125,037. Whatever qualifications may be placed about this figure, the fact remains that shipping board operations incurred a loss at a time when private operators would have made hundreds of millions for the taxpayer out of the same expenditures.

Punish, and Make it Punishment

(From the Lowell Courier-Citizen)

The function of punishment is, at least in some measure, to punish. The threat of punishment is made, not with the hope and expectation that it will have to be inflicted, but with the more reasonable hope that public knowledge of its certitude will deter the potential wrong-doer. How, then expect much public morality if it comes to be known that punishments will be abated or omitted when one offends? No doubt the penal system ought not to lose sight of possible reformations, but after all is said and done, the primary object in denouncing a penalty for specified offences is to discourage people from committing those offences. If we create the impression that reformatory work is all we are after, crimes will increase.

Unprofitable Nationalism

(From the San Francisco Chronicle)

The taxpayers—and that is all of us—lost a billion dollars more or less in running the railroads for a short time. That is likely to be rather trifling compared with our loss in Government building and operation of ships. The Shipping Board asks for an appropriation of $100,000,000, resulting from the stubbornness of Congress in requiring that the Board expend only what it could get from running its business. As it turned out, the expenses of the Board were $425,000,000 and the income $325,000,000.

This loss will seem like a mere trifle before we get through with our shipping business. Undertaking the building of ships was a war measure, and is not achieved. Nobody could have imagined as possible the orgy of incompetence and corruption which resulted.

But when the war was over was the time to sell the ships for, whatever could be got for them at the time. The demand for ships was active. It was supposed that it would continue for several years. Possibly half their cost and even more could have been got for the ships at the time.

They should have been sold and the account closed out. Those responsible for taking the opposite course probably cost the nation at least two billion dollars.

A Chance for Germany to Save

(From the Detroit Free Press)

The German representatives at the second financial conference in Brussels have asked that the Allies consider what means are at hand for reducing the burden now placed upon the income of the German Government by the armies of occupation.

It is reported that all of the delegates when they consider this problem keep in mind the fact that the most expensive army of the Rhine is the American, and it is inferred that they may recommend the withdrawal of the Americans as the readiest means of stopping one leak in the German treasury.

The United States is keeping its force on the Rhine as the result of its agreement to do so. The agreement grew out of the obligation of the United States as one of the victors, to contribute the force deemed necessary to hold the fruits of victory. It is doubtful if anybody in this country deems the little army now in Germany as necessary to the protection of any American rights, and if the countries associated with the United States in the war should think that they can spare the expensive Americans there is no reason why they should not be brought home.

The motive which would guide the other nations in speeding the parting Yanks would be a wish to have the cost of their maintenance added to the instalments which the German Government must pay on indemnities and that saving would rebuild several small French towns every year.

Interchange of Police

(From the Buffalo Express)

New York is having its crime wave. Chicago, too, has similar troubles. Buffalo, on a smaller scale, has been disturbed by an increase of crime. What is the result? Naturally each city is making strenuous efforts to rid itself of the lawless element and the crooks are getting scared and leaving. When a person leaves one place he must go to another. If he fights officers or if he be a gunman, he will probably ply his trade wherever he takes up his new station.

Buffalo, in this case, is unfortunately situated between New York and Chicago and for that reason will be the stopping place for undesirables from both of those cities. What precautions can be taken to prevent the impending flood? Here is one suggestion, both simple and practical. Let there be an interchange of police between the large cities. Buffalo should send a detail of plain clothes men to New York and Chicago. Chicago and New York should send a similar detail to Buffalo. Chicago and New York should reciprocate. Probably the most effective method would be to place these out-of-town men at our railroad stations, with a few scattered about the city, so that notorious characters could be pointed out to the local force and either sent on their way or carefully watched.

A sundial on a building at Union Mills, Md., has marked the passing hours for more than a century. It was the "town clock" when Washington

RICH INDIAN DENIES THAT HE WAS KIDNAPPED

Topeka, Kan.—Jackson Barnett, aged 72, reputed oil millionaire and said to be the wealthiest Indian in America and his white wife, formerly Anna Laura Lowe, aged 30, have defeated a suit to have their marriage cancelled. By living amicably throughout a month's honeymoon in the Indian's humble domicile near Henryetta, Okla., they swept aside all evidence presented in three months of procedure in the Kansas supreme court and suit to annul the union has been crossed off the calendar.

The suit was brought by Carl J. O'Hornett of Henryetta, Okla., the Indian's guardian, and Cato Sells, U. S. Commissioner of Indian Affairs. It set forth that Barnett was illiterate and that last May he and his bride eloped in an automobile furnished by the woman, crossed the Kansas line and were married in Arkansas City. In the original proceedings instituted in the Kansas supreme court, Guardian O'Hornett petitioned that his aged ward be restored to him. It was charged that the bride had kidnapped her husband and that she was an adventuress.

Barnett, characteristic of his race, is a man of few words. He made it plain to the court, however, that he was well content.

"The Indian and his bride appear to have stood the test of matrimony," commented Judge A. M. Jackson, commissioner appointed by the supreme court to hear the evidence in the case. "It was agreed that Barnett and his wife be permitted to go on a honeymoon of a month. The honeymoon over they still maintain they are satisfied, so after conference with all parties concerned, it was agreed to recommend to the supreme court that the case be dropped."

The supreme court acted in accord with Judge Jackson's recommendations.

The Indian for many years lived on his land allotment near Henryetta, his horses and dogs his only companions. He made little use of his land, his cash allotment from the government being ample to purchase his few worldly needs.

But a few years ago Barnett's farm began to yield oil. Under his state and federal guardians, the Indian's wealth increased from the royalties until, according to O'Hornett, it now exceeds a million dollars.

CONTRACTORS BEGIN WORK ON BRIDGE

The bridge contractors have started work on the pier site on the Badger Island side of the river, and they have launched their big drill scow on the location of the pier. The contractors will by drilling and blasting clear the site of the pier down to bed rock, in preparation for sinking the caisson. The engineering gang are busy at work on the Badger Island landing side of the bridge.

NAVY AVIATORS ON WAY BACK TO CIVILIZATION

(By Associated Press)

Cochrane, Ont., Jan. 3—Canadian mounted police at Haileybury, announced today that a trained messenger would be sent to meet and escort to the nearest railroad, the American naval aviators enroute by dog sled, after being missing three weeks. They had landed at Moose factory in James Bay after being lost four days in the woods. They were headed for either Mattice or Cochrane a rail head of the Canadian Transcontinental railroad.

BOWLING

Team No. 6 of the Navy Yard league defeated Team No. 1 at the Arcade Alleys on Monday evening. The score:

Team No. 6				
Hall	89	56	67	212
Lehman	64	81	76	220
Michaels	59	82	89	260
Clark	69	63	77	209
Hussey	71	91	84	246
	351	403	399	1177

Team No. 1				
Collins	80	78	70	228
Labbit	51	39	45	135
Brown	77	91	98	266
Porter	77	86	73	236
Snow	73	79	87	239
	358	376	354	1108

"YANK" TWICE WOUNDED, BARRED AS ILLITERATE

New York, Jan. 3—Because he could not read forty words in any language, Demetrius Robos, twice wounded while fighting in France as a corporal in the United States Army, today was denied readmission to America. Failing in the literacy test at Ellis Island and asked if he understood the English language, he replied:

"I understood orders in the Army."

He came to America in 1910 and was drafted in Philadelphia in 1918. He could have reentered this country without examination if he had returned within six months after obtaining his discharge overseas. But he went to his old home in Albania and remained fifteen months. His case has been appealed to the Secretary of Labor.

AIDED ITS BLIND COMPANION

Australian Stockman Tells of Bullock That Took Care of Another Which Was Sightless.

Peter S. Mitchell, a stock raiser from Melbourne, Australia, says that the cattle business is at present the best in the history of Australia. He says that his people are hard at work restoring the country to normal and that they are very anxious to get the world trade back to pre-war conditions.

"My father was first to bring the Black Poll cattle into Australia 40 years ago," said Mr. Mitchell at New York, "and they have developed to be the best for our section. They are hardy, flourish on ferns, tree leaves and bark, where other cattle would starve, and they grow to great size, with weight evenly distributed, and the fat running in hair lines through the rump steaks even. There is a quick market for anything on the hoof that is fairly fat, and prices are very good.

"We discovered a blind bullock in one of the herds that came in, and another bullock had adopted it and fathered it all the time. It was found to be blind only when we noticed that its companion signaled to it constantly and led it to water, through gates and narrow runs. If at any time it got lost its friend would never rest until he had located it.

"None of the other bullocks paid any attention to the blind one and the protection the foster parent gave to the unfortunate bullock was a never ending source of comment and speculation. When both, fattened after 18 months on our place, were driven to the shipping station 60 miles distant the blind one was led through the difficult places by his friend and generally cared for day and night."

WANT LANGUAGE UP TO DATE

Common Sense Behind "Literary Revolution" That Is Now Prevailing In China.

What is termed the literary revolution in China aims at a reform of the language used in books, magazines, newspapers and public discussion. The outsider will jump to the conclusion that this means an attempt to encourage a phonetic substitute for ideographic characters. Not at all. There is a movement to supplement ideographs with phonetic signs to show their pronunciation, the aim being quite as much to standardize pronunciation as make it easier to learn to read. But this movement arouses no such interest and excitement as the literary revolution.

The latter is an attempt to make the spoken language the standard language for print. Literary Chinese is as far away from the vernacular as Latin is from English, perhaps further. It is a speech of 2,000 years ago, adorned and frozen. To learn it is to learn another language. The reformers were actuated by the practical impossibility of making education really universal when in addition to the difficulties of mastering the ideographs, children in the elementary schools are compelled to get their education in terms of a foreign language.

They are actuated even more by the belief that it was not possible to develop a literature which shall express the life of today unless the spoken language, the language of the people, is used. Apart from the employing and enriching of the vulgar tongue, it is not possible to develop general discussion of the issues of today, social, moral, economic.—New Republic.

Pyrenees Put to Work.

Efforts to harness the water power going to waste in the Pyrenees and transform it into electricity are being intensified.

Engineers have surveyed entire mountain ranges and have succeeded already in controlling many torrents and making them furnish power. Altogether 200,000 horsepower now is furnished and capital amounting to 800,000,000 pesetas have been invested.

Every day sees additions to the amount of power available, and engineers employed in the work estimate that in a few years Catalonia will be able to do without coal.

A Change of Calling.

"You are going to have some sad disillusionments," said the mysterious Egyptian.

"I've already had one," said the client.

"How is that?"

"When this carnival company came through here last year you were selling 'hot dogs' and pink lemonade."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

Eugene Williams, contractor in moth work, spraying and tree surgery. I carry liability insurance and you assume no responsibility in employing me on the usual danger on work. Residence Jones Ave. Tele 654-W. 1-4-d1t

SHIPS SAIL FROM NAVY YARD

North Dakota, Utah, and Delaware Leave for Hampton Roads

Boston, Jan. 3—At 12.30 this afternoon the battleship North Dakota left Charlestown Navy Yard. She was followed at 1.15 by the Utah and at 2.30 the Delaware headed down the stream. They will assemble at Hampton Roads and will later go to the Canal Zone where the Atlantic and Pacific fleet within have joint manoeuvres, beginning Jan. 23. The Utah is the flagship of Squadron 3, Div. 5, to which these ships are attached. The Florida, the other member, is now in South America, with Secretary of State Colby.

In the local freight yard Mon morning were eighteen cars of stove coal consigned to local dealers.

FORD

We have Sedans, Tourings, Runabouts, and one Coupe in stock for delivery.

The price is still unchanged.

BUY TODAY

Brooks Motor Sales

HANOVER ST., FOOT OF PEARL ST.

Tel. 1530. Hampton 141-2.

PRE-INVENTORY BARGAIN

Women's extra fine quality pure silk hose, double heel and toe, garter top. These hose are perfect goods and made by one of the best manufacturers. In cordovan color only. The regular price is $3.50. A genuine bargain at

$1.85 the Pr.

N. H. BEANE & CO.

5 Congress St. 22 High St.

GASOLINE 34 cents

WEED CHAINS AND DENATURED ALCOHOL AT

HISLOP GARAGE CO.

TEL. 3.

Ten Pct. Discount on all Reading Lamps and Fancy Shades

Special price of $17.50 for a Semi-Indirect Fixture with choice of bowls.

Our discount of 20 per cent on Gas Stoves expires January 15th.

Portsmouth Gas Company

"Always at Your Service."

Useful Gifts for NEW YEAR'S

FOR THE ELECTRIC HOME

Percolators, Sad Irons, Toasters, Chafing Dishes, Immersion Heaters and Heating Pads.

Other Suggestions are: Carving Sets, Vacuum Bottles and Food Jars, Tea Ball Pots, Serving Trays, Pyrex Sets, Aluminum Ware, and many other articles that will make an ideal New Year's gift.

QUALITY AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

John G. Sweetser

126-128 Market Street. Tel. 310

High Quality in ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

Nowhere is quality better worth paying for than in Electrical Appliances.

That is why we carry only the highest quality Electrical Merchandise.

PORTSMOUTH ELECTRIC SHOP

H. W. LOCKLIN, Proprietor. 18 Ladd St.—Tel. 9.

KI-MOIDS For INDIGESTION

In new granular form, dry on tongue, or with sticky or water, hot or cold, preferably hot.

QUICK RELIEF!

Price, 25-50-75¢

ALSO IN TABLET FORM

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE

MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION 15

D'VALERA'S ARRIVAL CONFIRMED

(By Associated Press)

Dublin, Ire., Jan. 3—The report that DeValera has landed in Ireland was definitely confirmed today.

Hopes for Women in Senate

(From the Washington Post)

A decided change in the former sentiment against the election of women to the United States Senate has taken place in the far Western States within the past two years, in the opinion of Miss Mabel Vernon, national secretary of the National Women's Party. Miss Vernon recently returned from Nevada, where she managed the senatorial campaign of Miss Anne Martin, who ran on an independent ticket.

"Miss Martin ran third on the ticket," said Miss Vernon. "But the encouraging thing about it was that in spite of the Republican landslide, the woman candidate running on an independent ticket polled many more votes than she did in 1918 when she ran for the same office.

"In 1918 there was considerable opposition expressed in Nevada to the idea of electing a woman to the Senate, but these expressions were not heard in 1920. In the latter case the election was decided purely upon party lines and the sex of the various candidates did not influence the result. If Miss Martin decides to run for Senator in the next election she will have an ex-Senator's status of being elected, since it is not expected that party lines will be so clearly drawn as they were this year."

Chinese are estimated to destroy $10,000,000 worth of gold annually by their custom of burning small pieces of gold-leaf on certain anniversaries.

COLONIAL TWICE DAILY AT 2 & 7.30

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY ONLY

VIOLA DANA

In "A Chorus Girl's Romance"

3 Big Time Vaudeville Acts

COMING THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

WESLEY "Freckles" BARRY

In MARSHALL NEILAN'S

"DINTY"

Direct From Its Great Boston Run.

3 Big Time Vaudeville Acts

Tel. 847 for Reserved Seats. Seats on Sale One Week in Advance.

New China Restaurant

27 Daniel St. (Up One Flight)

AMERICAN AND CHINESE FOOD

TO OUR MANY PATRONS --

We beg to announce, beginning next Monday, Dec. 20, that we have found it possible to reduce the price of our daily lunches.

Regular Full Course Lunch with Soup, Meat or Fish, Vegetables, Dessert, Tea, Coffee, served from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. . . . . 45 Cents and up

Every Saturday, Full Course Chicken Dinner.

Special Supper Served from 5 to 8 P. M.

Sunday Special Dinner $1.00

Served from 11.30 a. m. to 5 p. m.

We serve the Best Blend Teas, Coffees, as before 5c cup.

Our Prices Are Lowest

—ON—

Flexible Flyers

Snow Shoes

Ski - Ski Ski

Toboggans

Our Stock Is Complete.

R. L. COSTELLO

SEED STORE

115 Market Street.

PLYMOUTH BUSINESS SCHOOL

Day and Evening Classes

Times Building.

Opp. Post Office. C. E. WRIGHT, Mgr.

HAS FALLEN LOW

Berlin's Famous Brandenburger Thor a Byword.

Once Known Throughout the World as the Shrine of German Militarism, It Is Now a Joke.

One of the most striking physical signs of the demilitarization of Germany is in the degradation of the famous Brandenburger Thor, Germany's arch of triumph, at the head of Unter den Linden, writes Guy Hickok in the Brooklyn Eagle.

Pre-war visitors to Berlin will remember this arch as the very shrine of German militarism and Kaiserliche authority.

No one but his imperial majesty was allowed to drive through the center arch. A platoon of the smartest soldiers in the German army was quartered there, ever ready to snap into the most epileptic rigidity at the approach of any high ranking officer.

Drums rolled at the arch many times a day—whenever such an officer hoved in sight—and burst into a perfect fever of thumping and stuttering when the all highest drove by. Ordinary folk had to leave the sidewalk to pass the guard at the gate.

Now every shabby cab driver, push-cart man, boy bicyclist or news vender makes it a point to go through the center arch and none other.

There is no platoon of soldiers of any sort on guard.

A thousand generals—if there were that many—might amble through without creating a stir.

There are no drums to thump.

One poor youth of the security police, not over well informed, stands on a block of stone, with not an atom of pomp in him.

No one in Berlin is so humble as to do him honor. No one thinks of leaving the sidewalk for him. In fact he has to have a fence in front of himself to keep from being pushed aside by civilians.

If he tried to exercise the authority of a New York policeman he would be mobbed. He assumes no control over street traffic or anything else. He merely stands.

Occasionally, but very seldom, a civilian stops to ask him the way to somewhere, and he digs out his little street directory and gives his answer meekly, embarrassed at having attracted attention.

The once proud arch itself is plastered with tattered white placards as big and as plentiful as our American wartime Liberty loan posters. But the words and the purpose of the placards are quite different. They are there, not to increase military strength, but to reduce it. They are part of the German government's attempt to obey the disarmament conditions of the Versailles treaty and the big letters on them read:

"Deliver Up Your Weapons."

The smaller letters explain that the government must turn over to the entente the rifles that the soldiers took home with them when the army fell to pieces after the armistice, and offer a premium for early surrender.

The Brandenburger Thor, used as an instrument for the weakening of German militarism, is as complete a reversal of purposes as if our own Statue of Liberty were fitted inside with prison cells for editors who insist on a free press.

Immense Deposits of Coal.

Coal fields with a thickness of veins of six feet and with an estimated area of 16,000,000 square feet have recently been discovered at a depth of 26 feet below what hitherto has been regarded as the bottom of the "Sven mine" in Spitzbergen, according to advices from Consul General Murphy at Stockholm.

None but expert miners have been employed at the Sven mine because of the difficulty in working the old 60 centimeter vein, but in the new vein unskilled labor may be used. Machinery will be used to break out the coal, thereby increasing and cheapening the output.

During the present year 36,000 tons are expected to be produced, as against 18,000 in 1919, while in 1921 it is estimated that the output will reach 72,000 tons.

Airplanes Common Now.

Four or five years ago an airplane flying overhead was considerable of a sight and would cause everyone to stop and watch the machine. The war, with thousands of planes in use, has taken the novelty out of the airplane.

Down at Mineola, on Long Island, the only thing that will cause a native to gaze into the sky nowadays is when he falls to hear the roar of an airplane engine. Airplanes are as common as mosquitoes down there, and a dozen of them up over the town at once are no strange sight. When there is none up, however, it causes the Mineolans to gaze aloft to see what the trouble is.

Advised to Raise Own Furs.

Farming of fur-bearing animals and establishment of large sanctuary tracts as a means of preserving the nation's fur supply was advocated by the Department of Agriculture in a statement. The department says that unless fur-bearing animals are rigidly conserved, the time is not far distant when many of the more valuable species will be exterminated and furs will be worn only by the very wealthy.

Muskrats, skunks, foxes and minks are among the animals which, according to the department, can be successfully bred in captivity.

RECOGNIZED AN OLD FRIEND

Countryman Visiting in City Had No Fear of Being Harmed by "Thrashing Machine."

An elderly countryman stood on a Broadway curb with more fear in his heart than he had ever experienced in his home county and more than his son had experienced in Argonne forest. To him the crossing of that crowded street was truly the "great adventure."

In the middle of it were two lines of tracks, up and down which hurtled great "tanks" of street cars—juggernauts, seemingly intended for the sole purpose of crushing his aged limbs should he venture into their path.

On either side of them were endless lines of chugging trucks, with an occasional horse-drawn vehicle, and dodging in and about were touring cars and autos of all kinds.

Now and then the shrill whistle of a traffic policeman would spell safety to the acrobatic and agitated, who dashed across the street, skillfully dodging traffic, which turned the corner in a way no one but an old New Yorker can understand, and even he cannot explain.

Finally there rumbled down the street a steam roller used in asphalt pavement work, belching clouds of smoke but attracting no attention. The old countryman was electrified. Resolutely he deserted his shore of safety and plunged across the street in its very path.

"Huh," he grunted as he reached the other side. "That's one thing I ain't afraid of. They used to scare horses when I was a kid; used to make a man out of them. I know they won't hurt you, but I don't know what these other things will do. Never expected to see a thrashing engine here, but you never can tell. New York's a great city, all right."—New York Evening Sun.

DEALT LENIENTLY WITH HIM

Consumer's Action, of Course, Was Treasonable, But Caliph Proved a Kindly Man.

"What is the charge against this man?" asked the caliph, with a sympathetic gleam in his benevolent eye.

"Your honor," said the attendant, "it appears that he attempted to start a private drive of his own for his family."

"A private drive! Why, this is treasonable. Who is he?"

"He is just a consumer, your honor, just a private citizen, a man who apparently belongs to the middle class, at the head of a large family. Upon being questioned, he told the inspector, with a loud and unseemly laugh, that for many moons he had been asked to contribute to everything—all kinds of relifs, governments, etc., and with all this burden he was forced to pay 25 cents a pound for sugar, $60 a month for a cook, $100 for a suit, and other things in proportion. And so, your honor, with a mad laugh, he started a private drive of his own, announcing that if anybody in America needed relief, it was he."

The caliph shook his head sadly, for he was not an unkind man.

"Poor wretch," he said. "Do not confine him too rigorously. Feed him on nourishing things, keep his feet warm, and try to nurse his reason back. It is evident that the situation in which he has found his beloved country has unhinged his mind."—Rebekah Sunday Herald.

Aged Aviation Devotee.

France's younger generation has been encouraged to use air locomotion by an old lady of eighty-three, says a Paris correspondent of the London Times. She is Mme. Hennery, a charwoman, who lives in the country, where airplanes pass every day. It was in 1878 when she first left the ground, when she tasted the delights of ballooning, and, seeing, as she did, the new airbird daily above her, she could not resist trying the new sensation. Thus one day she had saved sufficient money from her meager earnings and took a trip in the air. She did this without the knowledge of her many grandchildren, who were completely shocked when the news reached them. She is in no way perturbed and is determined as soon as funds allow to try looping the loop.

And Dew Drops.

Struck by the notice "Iron sinks" in a hardware shop window, a wag went inside and said that he was perfectly aware of the fact that "Iron sinks."

Alive to the occasion, the smart shopkeeper retaliated:

"Yes, and time flies, but wine vaults, sulphur springs, jam rolls, grass slopes, music stands, Niagara falls, moonlight walks and holiday trips, scandal spreads, standard weights, India rubber tires, the organ stops, trade returns, and—"

But the visitor had bolted. After collecting his thoughts he returned, and showing his head at the doorway shouted:

"Yes, I know, and marble busts!"—Science and Invention Magazine.

Trust Controls Chinese Dye.

That the manufacture of the red dye used by the Chinese to color firecrackers for export to America is controlled by a native "trust" with headquarters in Hongkong is the intelligence brought to this country by a Filipino now studying at the New York State College of Forestry, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. The dye is used also in making the florid seals with which the Chinese certify their most important documents.

'MESPOT' OIL NOT DEVELOPED

Necessity for Importing Foreign Labor Is a Bar to Investment of Capital.

Mesopotamia is a rich field for oil, but the only wells in operation are a few sunk before the war by the Arabs. So that the British need the Mesopotamian wells at present; they have more than they can use. But they are not even prospecting for it, nor are they allowing two representatives of a famous oil company of our own to prospect, though the American oil comes in by Abbadan and is sold as something less than the Persian oil.

One reason among many why big capitalists are not received here with open arms when they come forward with some big scheme for the country is that they generally begin by saying: "We must import labor."

Now the labor difficulty is serious here. Arabs are not very keen on getting much work out of themselves. The Kurd coolies seem to be the only ones that take to work and keep at it. One sees them carrying the most unbelievable burdens. Recently I saw a Kurd carrying a piano on his back, followed by an assistant who was steadying it, but not helping otherwise.

But the Arabs are willing to let the Kurds do it. During the war labor was so scarce that to keep going with their railroads and their irrigation schemes the British had to import Indians.—Maud Radford Warren in the Saturday Evening Post.

TRIAL BY JURY IN JAPAN

Anglo-Saxon Plan Will Be Accepted by Government in Revising Their Civil Code.

The Japanese government is planning a revision of its civil code, and among the changes contemplated is the introduction of the jury system. To the Anglo-Saxon, who regards the jury system with more than usual pride as a thing of his own fashioning the news is singularly gratifying, for, taken on the whole, the Anglo-Saxon jury probably deals out as much justice as any other form of trial, remarks the North China Herald. There have been mistakes; quite as many as the trial by judge alone has committed, possibly more. But when a number of men sit in judgment, aided by the directions of a judge, their verdict is not so often wrong as to condemn the system. Trial by jury, as we understand it, entails the onus of proof resting upon the prosecution, the innocence of the defendant assumed until the offense is proved, and the duty for the jury of "passing between our sovereign lord the king and the prisoner at the bar." It frequently imparts that quality of humanity into the proceedings which enables the rendition of truer justice than the law often permits, and on that score alone has justified its retention in the courts of Great Britain and America.

Without Reservations.

According to the Fleet Review a man presented himself for enlistment who said that his mother was an American who had married a Frenchman in Italy. He said further that he was born on a ship flying the Spanish colors while she was lying in the English channel, that his parents having died in Sweden when he was five, he was adopted by a German who brought him up in the United States. The man who adopted him was not a naturalized citizen.

"Would you class him as a man without a country?" someone asked the recruiting officer.

"Thunder, no!" was the reply. "I'd class him as a League of Nations."—Boston Transcript.

Not Worth Making the Change.

A widely prevailing idea that the price of books would be materially lower if they were issued in paper covers has elicited from an authority the remark that in manufacturing books only ten cents a copy would be saved by binding them in paper instead of cloth. It might make a difference of, say, 30 cents in the retail price of the book, but whether that difference is great enough to create much of a demand for the paper-covered volumes in preference to those bound in cloth is doubtful. Americans in general have not the habit, which is common in Europe, of having their books rebound to conform to their own taste.—Youth's Companion.

Worked for One.

In a little settlement upstate a number of the property owners had been talking about incorporating and making a town. So they called a mass meeting for the people to voice their opinions.

Only one man opposed it. He said: "Gentlemen, I am not in for making a corporation of this place. My reason is this: I worked for one of them corporations once." — Indianapolis News.

Slight Saving.

"The upkeep of an automobile is expensive."

"But there is one advantage," said the optimist.

"What is that?"

"In the old days you had to feed a horse, whether you used him or not, but now when forced to economize you can at least keep your driver in your garage and patronize a trolley car."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Coffee Imports.

Nearly 1,500,000,000 pounds of coffee were imported during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920.

Beliefs Concerning Teeth.

There are curious fancies about teeth. To dream about teeth was held to be a warning that sorrow was at hand, and it was still more unlucky to dream of one's teeth falling out. Many people still throw an extracted tooth into the fire for luck, and this is observed specially in the case of young children to ensure that the remainder of their teeth will come properly. Teeth wide apart is said to be a sign of future prosperity and happiness.

French Guiana.

French Guiana is the penal settlement of France. Its surface rises gradually from the unhealthful coast to the mountain heights on the south. Only a small part of the country is known. Fevers, particularly yellow fever, decimate the region and have proved so fatal to French convicts that white prisoners have long been sent elsewhere. The Ile du Diable, off the coast, became famous through the imprisonment of Alfred Dreyfus.

Moving Done by Porters.

In Tunis there are no moving vans nor carts, many of the narrow streets being impassable. Household belongings are changed from place to place by porters, who most any day may be seen staggering under chests of drawers and other heavy pieces of furniture. On occasion the porters will even transport, in huge baskets, persons who may be sick, or otherwise incapacitated.

Wanted to Be "Parked."

Mother, aunty and little Etta were downtown shopping. Etta was quite tired, and they still had many places to go to before they had finished their purchasing. Presently they happened to pass through the restroom and the leather-covered chairs looked inviting to Etta. Turning to her mother, she remarked: "Couldn't you park me here while you and aunty do the rest of your shopping?"

Pronunciation of Z.

The pronunciation of the letter Z as zee is an Americanism. The English pronunciation is zed, from the Old French zede, which in turn is derived from the Latin zeta, the name of the sixth letter of the Greek alphabet, corresponding to the English zed. Shakespeare in King Lear, act II, scene 2, gives the English pronunciation, which is still in vogue: "Zed! thou unnecessary letter."

Thought Still a Rare Quality.

The tremendous task of teaching men and women to think for themselves has been scarcely begun. All but our very cleverest people are the creatures of a school of thought, or belong to some intellectual herd. Fearless, independent, tolerant thought is still as rare as science was in the fifteenth century.—Herbert N. Casson.

When Cleaning Leather.

Don't use gasoline to clean leather unless you want to crack it. Plain water with a few drops of ammonia will remove the dirt, after which the upholstery should be rubbed briskly with a soft cloth. An excellent leather dressing is made by combining two parts of linseed oil to one of turpentine.

Russian Sunflower.

The Russian sunflower is used as a forage crop and for ensilage. It is sown in rows 30 inches apart, the plants standing from nine to twelve feet high and yields from 25 to 30 tons of forage per acre in Montana, which dairy and beef cattle like as well as corn, either green or as silage.

Worthy Beliefs.

I believe in working, not weeping; in boosting, not knocking, and in the pleasure of my job. I believe that a man gets what he goes after, that one deed done today is worth two deeds tomorrow, and that no man is down and out until he has lost faith in himself.—Elbert Hubbard.

Home Surroundings Count.

A house is depressing or cheerful. Walls, woodwork, rugs, draperies, furniture, pictures, ornaments enter into the color scheme of the rooms and a discordant note among any of these will destroy the unity of the whole house or building. Colors must be balanced just as forms are.

Facts the First Requisite.

Facts are to the mind what food is to the body. On digestion of facts depends the strength of the one, just as on assimilation of food depends the vigor of the other. That man is wisest in council who has digested the largest number of facts.

Anti-Kissing Law.

In Bavaria, the state railways forbid kissing either on stations, where friends, relatives and families are quitting or on trains, while France issued an order two years ago forbidding kissing on trains.

Egyptian Mummy Cloth.

The extraordinary durability of the ancient Egyptian mummy cloth is believed to be due to the fact that it was finished with a vegetable glue derived from the African locust-bean tree.

Largest Pin Factory.

The largest pin factory is in Birmingham, England, where something like 50,000,000 pins are manufactured every working day.

Coral.

Genuine coral may be red, pink, white, blue, yellow, green or black, the last being the rarest and most highly prized.

DR. GRADY

His Success No Longer a Subject of Doubt.

MORE CURES MORE TESTIMONIALS.

His remarkable success since he first came to this city. Thousands of testimonials received.

La Grippe and dreadful cough cured. Mrs. Emill Fluet, 838 Grenol Street, Fall River, Mass.

Cough that troubled him all Winter cured. Mr. John J. Scanlon, Jr., 433 Broadway, Lowell, Mass.

Backache, Colds and Croup. Dr. Grady's medicine saved my three girls' lives, Mrs. Arthur Therriault, 4 Harrison Street, Nashua, N. H.

Catarrh and Grip cured. Mrs. William Fisher, 5 Hall Street, Lawrence, Mass.

Consumption cured after several doctors failed to cure him. Mr. Andre Hanc, St. Alexandre, Canada.

Catarrh and could not sleep nights, cured after taking Dr. Grady's medicine. Mr. Frank P. Blodgett, 37½ William Street, Nashua, N. H.

Dyspepsia and indigestion perfectly cured. Mr. Ino Schmidt, 29 Monmouth street, Lawrence, Mass.

Nervousness, indigestion and Catarrh cured. Mr. Mitchell Swett, Bennington, N. H.

Three bottles of Dr. Grady's medicine cured me of the Grip. Mr. Grano Gannon, 60 Lake street, Nashua, N. H.

Kidney trouble, went to the hospital but received no relief. Dr. Grady's medicine cured me. I am now 76 years old. William G. Hartley, 62 Sixth avenue, Lowell, Mass.

Indigestion and Kidney trouble, could not sleep, cured by taking Dr. Grady's medicine and two boxes of Dr. Grady's Liver Pills. Miss Clara Fisher, 44 Central street, Lawrence, Mass.

Catarrh cured, and find it a pleasure to tell people about this cure. Mr. Albert W. Chapman, 32 Gillis street, Nashua, N. H.

Throat and lung trouble cured. Mrs. Ulnberg, 76 Factory street, Nashua, N. H.

Stomach was weak. I had severe cough, also Catarrh. Dr. Grady's medicine cured me. I am 86 years old, and I am the oldest man in the town of Holden. Mr. Dexter Dussot, Box 163, Holden, Mass.

Rheumatism and was unable to walk; cured. John Anglin, 19 Fulton street, Worcester, Mass.

Dr. Grady is acknowledged to be the leading physician in America in curing the above diseases. Try him and you will never regret it.

KEARSARGE HOUSE, Portsmouth,

FRIDAY, JANUARY 7

Office Hours 1 to 8 P. M.

Never before has such an opportunity been given the sick of this vicinity and if you are suffering, you should not fail to take advantage of it. The sick multitudes crowd his offices from morning till night, and at every visit the young, the old, the rich, the poor, all apply to Dr. Grady for relief and cure, so those wishing to see him should remember the Day and Office Hours of his visit, and call early to avoid the crowded last hours.

People living in the country towns all over the state are not waiting; they are coming on every train to this city to be cured by Dr. Grady.

Dr. Grady will positively be at the Kearsarge House, Portsmouth, Friday from 1 o'clock until 8 o'clock in the evening to consult with and examine all cases free.

Appetite gone and could not sleep; cured. Miss Elsie Brochu, 4 Harrison street, Nashua, N. H.

Indigestion, had given up all hopes; cured. Mrs. Ellen McGrath, Box 14, Sharon, Mass.

Catarrh cured, and recommends it to all sufferers. Mrs. W. H. Welch, 7 Clay street, Nashua, N. H.

Throat and lung troubles cured. Mr. John B. Wilsonder, 104 Main street, Worcester, Mass.

Malaria trouble and pains in the stomach cured. Mrs. Catherine McDermott, 37 High street, Nashua, N. H.

Stomach trouble cured. Mr. William W. Potter, Groton, Mass.

Backache and headache cured. Mrs. Emily Schmidt, Salem, N. H.

Suffered five years; cured. Mr. J. Martin, 77 Pearl street, Malden, Mass.

Lung trouble and catarrh cured. Mr. A. F. Sanford, 68 King street, Nashua, N. H.

Saved my life. I regard my restoration to health a miracle. Mr. Martin Farnham, 49 Mulberry street, Leicester, Mass.

Catarrh bothered me for three years, could get no relief. Dr. Grady's medicine cured me. Mr. George A. Tupper, John J. Foster Post 7, G. A. R., Nashua, N. H.

The names of many others cured have been withheld by special request.

Catarrh cured and all diseases of the nose, ear, throat, lungs, heart, stomach, liver and kidneys, rheumatism, asthma, bronchitis, deafness, nervousness, skin and chronic diseases.

Tape worms positively expelled in three hours. Consult the specialist on all nervous and chronic diseases.

CHARLES W. TAYLOR

Plumbing and Heating

Furnace and Range Repairing

Sheet Metal Work

2 Richmond St. (Off Pleasant)

Tel. 1338

PLUMBING AND HEATING

All Work

Promptly Attended To.

E. BILLINGS

Tel. 1226-R.

The White Store

JANUARY

MARK DOWN CLEARANCE SALE!

COMMENCING

THURS. JAN. 6, 9 A.M.

FIRST CLASS MERCHANDISE MUST GO AT NEARLY 1-2 PRICE. The White Store Never Carries Over Merchandise From One Season to the Next. It Earned its Reputation as a Style Shop by Always Showing the Present Season's Models. Whatever You Buy From Us at a Sale or Otherwise, is Absolutely This Season's Goods.

FURS

Keen Reduction on Finest of Furs.

3 Hudson Seal Coats, were $350. Sale Price $175
2 Hudson Seal Coats, were $300. Sale Price $150
1 Hudson Seal, with light Opossum Collar and Cuffs, was $450 ..... $250
1 Hudson Seal, with black Opossum was $450; sale price $250
1 Muskrat Coat, 36 in. long was $275; sale price $150
1 Raccoon Coat, very best skins, was $375; sale price $225

Coats

Velour, Silvertone and Duvetine, all lined with best Silks, fur trimmed collars and cuffs, sold for—

$65.00; sale price $32.50
$450.00; sale price $24.50
$35.00; sale price $18.50
$25.00; sale price $12.50

Plain Velour Silvertone and Mixtures—

$39.50; sale price $19.50
$29.50; sale price $14.50
$25.00; sale price $12.50

Plush Coats

Short length, also full length, marked down

At 1-2 Price

Silk Dresses

50 DRESSES Sale Price $19.50
25 DRESSES Sale Price $16.50
25 DRESSES Sale Price $12.50

Woolen Skirts

Plaids, Stripes and Plain.

$22.50 Skirts; sale price $16.50
$20.00 Skirts; sale price $14.00
$15.00 Skirts; sale price $10.00
$8.98 Skirts; sale price $6.00
1 Lot Plain Blue, all wool Serge; sale price $5.00

Cotton Waists

$3.98 Waists at $1.98 $2.98 Waists at 98c

WHILE THEY LAST.

Furs, Scarfs and Muffs of all kinds at ONE HALF PRICE

SUITS

$65.00 Suits— Sale Price 32.50
$45.00 Suits— Sale Price 22.50
$35.00 Suits— Sale Price 17.50

Dresses

Serge, Velours, Tricoline, Jerseys.

$45.00 Dresses; sale price $22.50
$30.00 Dresses; sale price $17.50
$25.00 Dresses; sale price $12.50
1 Lot a $8.50

SWEATERS MARKED DOWN

Blouses

Georgette, Crepe de Chine, and Satin in all colors.

$12.00 Waists; sale price $6.98
$8.50 Waists; sale price $4.50
$6.98 Waists; sale price $3.98

One Lot at $2.98

COTTON PETTICOATS

White and Colors; $2.98 value. Only one to a customer. Sale price 98c

Silk Petticoats at $1.98

Long Kimonos, Crepe and Flannelette, $2.98 at $1.98; $1.98 at $1.39.

RAIN COATS
Marked Down One-Half Price.

SALE STARTS

THURSDAY, JANUARY 6th, 9 A. M.

and will continue all through the month

A. SALDEN - - - WHITE STORE

60 MARKET STREET **PORTSMOUTH, N. H.**